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FOR HER.

A LOVE STORY BY MARY ANGELA DICKENS GRAND-DAUGHTER OF THE NOVELIST.

CHAPTER II.

[CONTINUED FROM LAST WEEK.]

He sat upright, and looked around the room as though a great length of time had passed since he had seen it; and as he did so, suddenly something seemed to catch his eye; he turned white to the lips, and half rose to his feet with a hoarse inarticulate exclamation. He was looking at the uncovered picture of his dead wife.

"What is the matter?" asked Miss Grahame. She did not follow the direction of his eyes. She had seated herself so that her own face was in a shadow, and her watchful eyes were resting on his working, quivering features, with something curiously patient and untiring in their steady look.

"What—why—I have never seen that picture before.

"It stands there always," she answered very low, with a strange thrill in her deep voice. "There is a curtain before it as a rule."

"He pused a moment, still staring at the picture, and then said—

"May I—may I—cover it—now?"

"Why?"

"Because—because—" He seemed literally to tear his eyes away from it with a fierce effort of will, and turned to Miss Grahame. "It's this confounded weather I suppose, it always affects me. It's so horrible somehow, it's so—so awfully unnatural. I'm—I'm not myself."

"Cover it yourself then."

For a moment he hesitated. Then he rose, and walking across the room stood for a moment looking down into the gentle pictured face. As he looked a strage horror crept into his eyes, to be dominated quite suddenly by a wild, fierce expression of reckless resolution. He pulled the curtain roughly over the picture and strode back to Miss Grahame's side. As she saw his face she stirred a little, and a quite new expression sprung into life in her still and watchful eyes, an expression of sickening, incredulous hope. She had never before seen that look on Calton Leigh's face.

"You know why I have come here to-night" he said, and his voice was as his face—strong and determined.

"I did not ask you."

"No, you did not ask me. It is weeks since you have asked me! Asked me—great heavens! Katherine, there are limits to every man's endurance and mine has given out." He waited a moment, as if determined not to lose hold on himself and Miss Grahame sat motionless. Her face was quite white now, but perfectly unmoved. Only her eyes glittered with a burning light and they never left his face.

"I thought, when I spoke to you two months ago, that I had suffered all a man could suffer. If you had told me then that you could never love me I should have killed myself—yes—I should have killed myself and never have known what a hell on earth man's life may become." He caught his breath sharply and went on, seeming to lose his self-control a little with the force of his own words. "But now—now, I will not die, I will not give you up. You have been mine, you gave me your love you let me taste happiness. By heaven, I will not let it go!"

He made a step or two towards her, stood right over her, not touching her, but looking down at her with a fierce, restrained intensity of passion awful to see. Still she did not move. Only her strong, firm hands were wrung together until her rings cut into the white fingers and her breath was heavy and labored.

"What right have you, I say what right have you to raise a man to heaven and plunge him to hell, to torture him as you have tortured me during these awful weeks? You led me on—can you deny it—until my very soul was yours, and now, now for three days you will not even see me. Katherine, Katherine, what does it mean?" As he spoke the last words she slowly lifted her head and looked at him a moment without speaking; then she said in a low, clear voice: "It means—that I do not love you."

As if the words had turned him into stone he stood before her, speechless, motionless, almost breathless. At last he repeated in a hollow, mechanical voice, "You do not—love me."

Still there was no touch of pity in the hard white face that watched him with such terrible intentness.

"I do not love you and I will never be your wife," she said.

Then, with a terrible cry, he seemed to realize the meaning of her words and he flung himself down on his knees in a frenzy of wild despair.

"Katherine," he cried, "my love, my love, what are you saying to me; what do you mean?" You are my life—my love I cannot let you go now. Katherine, Katherine, Katherine, speak to me, tell me that it is not true."

No answer, no movement on her part, only her whole personality seemed to be quivering and vibrating, with a breathless, almost unendurable agony of suspense, an intense burning eagerness, so repressed, so rigidly held down into utter quiescence of every limb and feature that it would have made her almost terrible to see had not the man before her been blinded by his passion and pain.

Her silence seemed to madden him and he sprang to his feet with a desperate cry. "By heaven!" he cried. "By heaven, you are too late! Not be my wife? You cannot help yourself. You are mine, mine, mine forever, for I have given my soul for you. Listen to me," and he seized her hands in his in a grip of iron, while the rapid words seemed to burst from him in a reckless frenzy of mad despair. "Listen to me, I say. My love for you is not what you think it is—a new thing, the growth of months. I loved you from the first moment I saw you. I loved you then as I love you now—loved you then as I love you now—above all things in heaven and earth. I tried to crush my love but it grew and grew stronger and stronger, until it destroyed everything, every thought, every feeling but one—my deathless determination to possess you."

He paused a moment, mastered by the overwhelming force of his unreasoning passion. He had drawn her up from her chair and was holding her close to him, closer and closer as he poured forth his words like a resistless torrent of fire. She was quite passive in his hands, white and cold as stone, and all her life seemed to be concentrated in those burning eyes, which seemed to draw the words from him with the intensity of their devouring light. Still holding her in that mad, agonized clutch he went on in a low, hoarse whisper:

"Mildred stood in your place, my love, my love. I gave my soul for you. Your place is empty."

Then with an awful cry—a cry in which triumph, hatred and revenge were strangely blended—the woman tore herself away from his despairing hands.

"At last," she cried, and her deep voice rang through the big room. "Oh, God! at last! at last!"

He fell back a step, and for an instant they faced each other in silence; then she went on still in that wonderful, ringing voice, while her whole figure seemed to dilate with the force of her terrible triumph.

"I have waited for this moment—waited and watched until I thought it was never to come. I have tried everything. I have watched and worked, and at last—at last I have it. Murder, murder! I have known this all the time. Did you think—were you fool enough to think that I, I who knew her and loved her so, oh God, who loved her so, could ever believe my darling capable of such a crime? That she, my little girl, my little Millie, should ever take her own sweet innocent life! Fool, fool, I knew my darling."

The man before her had turned an awful ashen gray, and he stood there, the frenzy dead within him, self-convicted, utterly defenseless.

"Suicide,' they said," she went on, "as you knew they must say 'suicide!' You did not count on the friend that loved her! I knew—I knew it was a murder and from the first I have suspected you. I stood your friend—your friend—when all other friends who could believe that she had done that thing would have turned their backs on the man they believed had driven her to it. I stood your friend and kept you here. I kept you here for this. Then you began, you villain, to make love to me and I was sure. I led you on, yes, you are right, I led you on—for this. I vowed that sooner or later you should tell me all, and I have borne your presence, I have borne your touch—your kisses—for this, Calton Leigh! For this!"

She stopped. Her voice had swelled and grown deeper with every passionate word she uttered, and as she finished with a kind of fierce triumphant cry, it seemed to ring again with such an intensity of hate and vengeance, as would surely, if such a force could kill, have laid her object dead at her feet. Then she began again, and her voice this time was low and terrible with a determination.

"Now listen," she said. "I have not done with you yet. A life for a life Calton Leigh. Your worthless life for my darling's! I will prove your guilt to all the world, I swear it! Listen! My darling shall not lie forever with that cruel shame upon her innocent head. For her sake I have brought you to this; for her I will hunt you down, somehow, someday. Till then live if you can. Now—go!" She lifted her hand as she spoke, and stood there pointing to the door, superb in her passion and hate.

The wretched man never moved, only his face was horribly drawn, his lips were ashen, and he swayed slightly to and fro as he stood staring straight before him with awful sightless eyes. As she ceased to speak he turned his eyes slowly until they rested on her face, beautiful now in its indescribable passion. Then he turned away, heavily and uncertainly, as if to go towards the door. But before he had taken three steps he stopped abruptly with a dreadful low laugh, and with a sudden quick gesture he lifted his hand sharply. The next moment there was a sharp report and he was lying at her feet, in a stillness which no passion, no love, longing or remorse would ever break again.

"Vengeance is mine. I will repay saith the Lord."

Buttons and Button Holes.

A curious discussion of an unimportant matter arose lately in a party of ladies and gentlemen. Why is it, it was asked, that men's garments always button to the right—that is, have the button-holes on the left side—while the garments of women commonly button the other way, from right to left?

Trifling as the matter was, the people who discussed it found it interesting. It appeared, from a comparison of notes that women reserve for themselves a certain amount of liberty in this matter, whereas men do not. Now and then a woman's dress or cloak is found which buttons from left to right. Men often have double-breasted coats, but if the garment is buttoned to the left, it is a pretty sure sign that the left row of button-holes is quite unpresentable.

A lady insisted that men's uniformity in this regard is due to their being much more the creatures of habit than women are: but since three-quarters of the buttoned dresses and cloaks of the women present were buttoned to the left, this seemed to make them also creatures of habit, but why the opposite habit?

A scientific gentleman in the party declared that the whole thing had a foundation in scientific fact. "Man," he said, "possesses an eccentric movement—that is to say, a movement tending to fly from the centre—whereas women, on the other hand, is concentric in her movements. We infer the inferiority of women from this fact, because the eccentric movement, or movement of expansion, is indicative of superior physical and moral powers."

This explanation sounded well, and was flattering to the men of the party, but it was open to the objection that it meant nothing—or whatever meaning it had, was beyond the comprehension of any one present, except the man of science himself.

An old lady was finally appealed to to explain the fact, "I suppose," she said, "that it's because they've simply got in the habit of it."

"But how did they get in the habit of it?"

"Because they had to get into some habit." Since there was nothing more to be said on that subject, the problem was given up.—*Youth's Companion.*

GREAT MEN AND THE INTERVIEWER.

Until recently Mr. Blaine has been one of the most difficult men in the country to interview, and even now will only talk for publication with his most intimate friends in the profession, and then most always insists in revising the interview. Alexander H. Stephens was equally particular. Time and again while Mr. Blaine was engaged in his hardest political struggles, I have tried to get a few words for my papers upon the results he had accomplished. I remember that only two years before he was beaten for the Presidential nomination in 1880, and then became the Secretary of State in Garfield's cabinet, I was a guest at his house in Augusta. He had just won one of the most bitterly contested State campaigns in his political career. I asked him for a statement of the situation, and some little story of how he won the battle. Senator Hale was present at the moment. Mr. Blaine turned to me quickly, and said, pleasantly,—

"Oh, interview Mr. Hale. He can tell you all about it. I do detest being quoted in the newspapers in the form of an interview."

Two years later, when he was assailed about his South American policy, one of the most important incidents of his remarkable career, he at once sought the form of interview, and two long ones from him were printed in nearly every newspaper in the land. He wanted to reach the general public, as well as the statesmen of the country, and he acknowledged that the only way to do it successfully was in a conversational form. Since that time he has always sought the interview when attacked upon any important matter which he desires to answer. No greater tribute could be paid to the efficiency of this class of newspaper work.

General Grant was the best man to interview I ever met. He would only talk to a person he knew well, and then he could tell you exactly what you wanted to know in fewer words than any man I ever made an inquiry of. He was very pleasant to newspaper men in whom he had confidence; but when one came about whom he did not know or trust, you couldn't get a word out of him with a crowbar. He never cared much to talk for publication, and never did to any extent upon public matters except to John Russel Young, who, by the way, is one of the ablest and most successful interviewers of any time. He alone among scores of daily toilers with the pen of this day is equally able as an editor, correspondent, descriptive writer, or tapper of sap from all sorts of fountains of information.

Roscoe Conkling was the only public man I ever met who never would be interviewed for publication upon any subject whatever. He once told me that he would rather have a mad dog set upon him than to have a newspaper man sent after him for a talk. Two or three times in his life, interviews were printed with him, which he never intended should go beyond the privacy of his room, and he never forgave the men who quoted him. He had one able correspondent discharged from the *Herald* for publishing a talk with him which occurred at the breakfast-table, and Mr. Bennet directed that he should never again write for his paper.

David Davis could not be interviewed. While he was a justice of the Supreme Court it would not have been proper, and after he became a United States Senator he always believed himself to be on the high-road to the Presidency, and was afraid to talk, lest he might injure his chances for getting there. I never approached him but once and that for the story of how Lincoln was nominated in 1860. I told him that I had already secured the recollections of two of the men who then operated with him, when he drew himself up and said, very seriously,—

"There are only four men who know the history of Mr. Lincoln's nomination, and any one of them would be a fool to tell it."

Charles Sumner was by no means an easy man to be led into a talk upon public matters. After the passage of the treaty of Washington I once interviewed him as to the meaning of the damage clause of that instrument. He was exceedingly dignified, although in his own apartments, with his dressing-gown on. He spoke with great deliberation and to the point. I could readily remember everything that he said,—although he was talking on a very important subject.

Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll, like General Gordon, of Georgia, is just the kind of a man that a journalist likes to meet for business purposes. Both are fine talkers and say original things. If the subject is very important, Colonel Ingersoll will write it out for you while you wait. He does dislike to be misquoted, and he says that interviewers so often miss the mark that he prefers to do the work himself when he will talk at all.

John Sherman is a difficult man to interview; but he does not seriously object to it. In fact he is very pleasant to a writer he knows. But despite his great ability, he is not fluent, and it is very hard to get from the very best work with him anything more than a cold statement of facts.

Senator Edmunds can never be interviewed upon any subject. His chum while in the Senate, Senator Thurman, nicknamed the "Old Roman," was very much like him.

General Ben Butler is a capital subject for the interviewer. He likes that form of addressing the public. He always talks with spirit and originality. Any man to whom he will speak at all can always get a good story from him, that is full of meat, but he usually wants to revise it before it is printed. He is very particular.

Ex-President Cleveland is usually a good man to seek information from. He is quite easy of access, and does not waste any words in what he has to say. Ex-Governor Foster, of Ohio, next to General Grant is the most perfect man I ever met for interviewing purposes. He always gets in a good deal of his personality and imparts a zest to his words. Business men, as a rule, are rather undesirable customers for the journalist. They are careful about what they say, and have few entertaining subjects to talk about. To a greater or less extent this is true of lawyers. Ex-Governor Hoadley, of Ohio, is, however, a decided exception to the rule.

Senator Ingalls does not object to talking to the public second-hand, and of all the prominent public men of the day he undoubtedly talks best.—*From "The Art of Interviewing," by Frank A. Burr, in September Lippincot's.*

ANYTHING FOR A PASS.

STORIES ILLUSTRATIVE OF A WIDESPREAD HUMAN WEAKNESS.

Several Washington officials who chanced to meet the other evening were lamenting the present scarcity of railroad passes, which deplorable state of affairs was brought about by the passage of the inter-State commerce bill several years ago. Before that time passes were plenty, and nearly every man holding an important office, with any patronage attached thereto, could display a pocket-book well-lined with the festive "trip" and "annual." Many of these fortunate pass holders were generous in loaning them to their friends, and numerous amusing as well as sorrowful incidents there were that often befell the borrowers, as two or three of the above gentlemen were well aware, judging from the personal experiences they related. One of these gentlemen, who holds a high position in government services in this city, told the following adventure which befell him while riding on another man's pass. Said he:

"A number of years ago I was about to leave the western part of Pennsylvania on a trip to Washington when I met a friend, one Mr. E., who was then a member of the Legislature of that State. On learning of my proposed trip he kindly offered to 'chalk my hat,' as we called it in those days, or, in other words, he tendered me the use of his annual pass over the Northern Central Railroad. Having been assured by my friend that I could easily assume the role of a member of the Pennsylvania Legislature pro tempore, at any rate, I accepted the offer and went on my way rejoicing.

"I had been in the car only a few minutes when my attention was called to the apparent nervousness of a seedy-looking individual who sat near the front of the car. As the conductor approached, the seedy passenger's uneasiness increased. But when the ticket-taker finally reached him, the former drew himself together, assumed as bold a front as his appearance would permit and handed the conductor an annual pass. The ticket-puncher scanned the pass, brought his lantern square around so its light glared full in the face of the pass-bearer and asked: 'You are Mr.—are you? Are you a member of the Pennsylvania Legislature?' The man, who looked more like a hungry tramp than like a statesman, replied that he was Mr. —. A searching, professionally doubting expression came into the conductor's face, which seemed to say: 'I know you are lying, but I can't very well prove it just now, so I'll have to let you ride.' At any rate he returned the pass, and resumed his work of punching and taking up tickets.

"You can perhaps imagine that the interval between the conversation, every word of which I overheard, and the time the brass-buttoned railroad official reached me was not the most pleasant period in my life. But I was determined not to back out, for I had sufficient confidence in myself to think that if that fellow in the front of the car could work through on a pass not his own, I certainly had an equal chance for doing the same. Therefore, I handed out my friend's pass with all the assurance I could muster, and as the conductor took it and read the name, he exclaimed: 'I am very glad to meet you, Mr. E., for you can help me out of a difficulty. Up ahead of you a few seats is a fellow who claims to be Mr. —, a member of the Legislature. He offered me the latter's pass, but I have spotted him as a dead beat. You, however, can tell me whether or not I am correct in so thinking.'

"This was getting interesting for me. In order to gain time I asked: 'To which gentleman do you refer?'

"The conductor turned around to point out to me the alleged imposter, and after looking in all directions, exclaimed: 'Why, the —— scoundrel has sneaked out.'

"I am a firm believer in special providences and I consider this escape of mine from what might have been a most embarrassing predicament as a marked corroboration of my belief. I might add that this was the first and last time I ever traveled on a pass not made out in my own name."—*From the Washington Post.*

PATTISON VS. DELAMATER.

All public men make some mistake and the judgment of the people in respect of their merits as candidates is made up rather upon a consideration of their public carreer as a totality than of some particular fault or defect. For example, it is generally admitted by the political opponents of Governor Pattison that his administration was one of the best, if not the very best, the state has ever had, and such criticism, therefore, as may be made of some of his acts comes to nothing when considered in the light of its general acceptance and approval by the people irrespective of Party. Whatever may be said, for instance of the *policy* of some of Governor Pattison's vetoes, it must be admitted that *all* of them were based on the belief of their author that his oath of office forbade his approval of the bills which he refused to sign. All of Governor Pattison's vetoes rest upon principle and those which affected appropriation bills or legislation involving additional public expenditures were intended for the protection of all the taxpayers from burdens which the governor regarded as unnecessary, or premature, or needlessly severe.

The recent denial by Candidate Delamater of the charges preferred against him by ex-Senator Emery puts the *onus probandi* upon the latter. The McKean county leader is a man of high character and not given to making reckless assertions. Doubtless he is able to produce the proof of his allegations. The Emery charges are not an assult upon the private character of Mr. Delamater, but upon his conduct as a public man. If he has violated the law by engaging in the bribing of voters and delegates, or if he fraudulently altered a conference committee report while a member of the state senate, both of which offenses ex-Senator Emery charges against him, he has not merely made mistakes, but deliberately committee public wrongs of so grave a character as to render him unfit to be entrusted with the administration of the high office for which he is a candidate. If these characters are clearly proved, his party will no doubt demand his withdrawal from the ticket.

Thus far the opposition to Mr. Delamater in his own party has been due chiefly to the manner in which his nomination was secured and to the fact that he is the personal representative of Senator Quay. That opposition is wide-spread, vigorous and determined, but if the Emery charges shall be sustained by proper proofs it will be greatly augmented as to numbers and deeply intensified in spirit. The forthcoming replication of ex-Senator Emery to Mr. Delamater's denial will, therefore, be looked for with much anxiety by both the supporters and opponents of the republican candidate for governor. Meanwhile the democracy may congratulate themselves upon the fact that their state ticket is unassailable from any such point of attack as that from which the republican opponents of Delamater are making their assult upon his candidacy.—*Patriot.*

Wilkes-Barre Cyclone.

ONE THOUSAND HOMELESS.

WILKES-BARRE, Aug. 21.—Mayor Sutton to-day said that in his judgment 1000 persons, if not more, had been made practically homeless by Tuesday's cyclone. Yesterday the people counted the dead and the wounded. To-day they tried to count the number of buildings damaged and demolished. It is now over 400, and if every one that sustained very seight damage were counted the figures might be doubled. Two more deaths occured to-day. The funerals will occupy attention to-morrow. It is not probable that any appeal for aid will be made. That subject will be discussed to-morrow night by the City Council and also by the Board of Trade.

The town was busy to-day in buying itself a new roof. Mechanics by the dozens flocked in, and there wasn't an idle man in the city except of his own choice. Street Commissioner Crogon let others pull the trees, fence rails, tin roof and other rubbish, out of the front of his house, while he hired every team he could to carry away the debris that filled street after street for blocks. The long line of wagons made an endless procession through the prettiest section of the town, down to the river bank above the bridge at Market Street. Only the trees were being carted off to-day, but their dead branches stuck high above the bluff over which they had been toppled.

A SCARCITY OF WORKMEN.

The repairs were mostly of a temporary character. "Temporary repairing done promptly—carpenters wanted was a frequent sign. Wherever loose boards could be put on they were used as a stop-gap. Men who hadn't driven a nail for years tried their hand at it. So scarce were men to-day that as *The Press* correspondent passed along South Main Street he saw the matter-of-fact wife of one of the wealthier merchants in the town actually vigorously wielding a pitchfork in the stable so that the hired man might lug big boards to her husband, standing half way up the side of his house on a ladder. She was in a hurry to have shelter for her horse, for the day was lowering and the whole town shuddered as it looked toward the hills.

So busy are the people that they have not had time to pause and consider whether they need help. Two or three hundred poor people have lost their all and have only the clothing on their back to show for their mundane possessions. Speaking about aid for the distressed, Mayor Sutton said, this afternoon.—

I have made no appeal for help, but help is certainly needed. I think it will be better to leave the matter for City Councils and the Board of Trade to decide. You know that there is a great deal of wealth in this city, and I am not sure but that we ought to do something for ourselves first. Any help that may be sent we will gladly accept and we can make good use of it.

As it was Wilkes-Barre's boast that she was safe form a cyclone, so has it been that she was the wealthiest city of her size in the United States. She certainly makes no pompous or vulgar show of her substance, but it is more than probable that the hand of wealth will not feel like binding up the wounds of others until after it has first bandaged its own.

A careful glance at the situation shows that the damage was greatest at the extremities of the path and almost exactly in its middle. The rich were struck two-thirds of the way along the route, and then the poor of "Five Points" suffered. A spectator, who saw from a hill the storm raging across the town, said to-day:—

The large column that moved ahead of the debris seemed 300 to 400 feet high and yards in diamater. The roofs timbers, fences, and trees were swept along like feathers in a wind.

The dead of to-day are James McIntyre, who was crushed in the ruins of the Hazard wire rope factory and James Olein, a German, who was injured on the streets. His back was broken by a massive timber, and he was taken to the City Hospital, where he died, never having regained consciousness. Several others of the wounded are moving fast toward the grave, it is thought.

The stories of narrow escapes increase as do the minutes. One of the most thrilling—and it has not yet been told—was that of a young man named John Judge, who was endeavoring to reach his boarding house. He was picked up off his feet, whirled 150 yards over a vacant lot and a two story house and landed unconscious in some branches, to whose pliability he owes his life. He is in bed, badly bruised, but the doctor says he will be about in a week.

A thrilling story is told of the adventures of an engineer and fireman in the railroad yard. When they saw the storm coming they scrambled to the ground and sought safety under the ponderous machine. A flying timber entered the cab, threw the lever over and opened the throttle. The engine at once started up the track and the two men had a hard scramble to get from under the moving machine. They succeded, mounted the cab and stopped the engine in time to save a bad collision in the yard.

The estimate of the loss still overtops the million mark, and one-fifth of that is thought to be the burden laid upon those now destitute.

The latest novelty in trifles is the perfumed pencil.

The Columbian.

O. H. Elwell, J. K. Bittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 29, 1890.

Democratic State Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR,
ROBERT E. PATTISON,
of Philadelphia.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
CHAUNCEY F. BLACK,
of York.

FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,
CAPT. WM. H. BARCLAY,
of Allegheny.

County Ticket.

FOR CONGRESS,
HON. S. P. WOLVERTON.
Subject to decision of Congressional Conferees, Seventeenth District.

FOR STATE SENATOR,
GRANT HERRING.
Subject to decision of Senatorial Conferees, Twenty-Fourth District.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES,
WM. KRICKBAUM.
E. M. TEWKSBURY.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
MORDECAI MILLARD.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
WILLIAM CHRISMAN.

FOR PROTHONOTARY AND CLERK OF THE COURTS.
G. M. QUICK.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
C. H. CAMPBELL.

FOR TREASURER,
JOHN L. KLINE.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,
JESSE RITTENHOUSE,
B. F. EDGAR.

FOR AUDITORS,
JERE B. NUSS,
CYRUS ROBBINS.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR,
SAMUEL NEYHARD.

See that you are registered.

Congressman Lewis F. Watson of the twenty seventh Pennsylvania district died suddenly in Washington on Monday.

Victor E. Piolett, for many years worthy master of the grange, died at his home in Bradford County Tuesday night. He was 78 years of age.

In the race for Associate Judgeship between the two Mordecais, one will be taken and the other left. After next December it will be Judge Millard.

At the Montour county democratic convention last week, the course of Mr. Buckalew in congress was approved, and the convention was addressed by E. M. Tewksbury.

Samuel Losch and ex-Congressman Brumm of Schuylkill county are no longer on friendly terms, and Losch is telling some tales out of school that are not very creditable to republican politicians.

William Chrisman Esq has no opposition for the office of District Attorney. W. D. Beckley Esq, the nominee of the Republicans is not eligible to the office, having been admitted to the bar within a year.

The Republican convention nominated Judge M. W. Jackson for Associate Judge. He has made an acceptable official, but he has no possible claim to democratic votes. Mordecai Millard will be elected by the usual Majority.

Nominations have been made in this Senatorial district as follows: Columbia, Grant Herring; Montour, J. P. Hoffa; Lycoming, Mr. Montgomery. Sullivan will no doubt instruct for M. J. Lull. The time and place for the meeting of the conferees is not yet fixed.

In making up the list of candidates nominated by the Democratic convention, the names of William Chrisman for District Attorney, and Mordecai Millard for Associate Judge were unintentionally omitted. They appear in this issue, with all the other nominees of the convention.

The remains of Capt. Ericsson, the inventor of the monitors, on Saturday last were placed on board the United States war ship, Baltimore, and are now on the way to Sweden, the inventor's native land. The transfer to the Baltimore was accompanied by appropriate ceremonies.

The democrats of Montour county have nominated Mr. Krebs, of Danville for Congress. There was no fight made by the friends of Senator Wolverton as it was understood that after giving Mr. Krebs a complimentary vote in the conference that the delegates would vote for Mr. Wolverton.—*Sunbury Democrat.*

The republicans now control both branches of Congress. They profess to know all about the tariff, and yet they have done nothing with it, not because of democratic opposition, but because they are hopelessly split among themselves on that subject. And not on that alone, for it is quite sure now that the force bill cannot pass at this session. This is owing to republican opposition and the leader of the opposition is none other than Senator Quay, the Boss of the whole republican party. The Force bill is purely a republican measure.

Chairman Townsend will at an early date call a joint meeting of the county committee and the Democratic candidates, for the purpose of considering the methods of conducting the fall campaign. Heretofore as a rule it has been expected of the chairman that he would become personally responsible for all necessary campaign bills and when the fight was over and he finds himself in debt he must either pay the bills himself or leave them unpaid. Chairman Townsend desires to have a fair understanding in advance.

The last day for registration is September 3. See that you are registered.

Republican Discord.

The devil of discord seems to have been let loose in the ranks of "the party of great moral ideas." To aggravate the general disaffection to the federal administration the coerced nomination of Delamater for governor has been most effective. To intensify the universal discontent of republicans the local nominations of their party have been a most powerful factor. In hardly a county in this state have the republican conventions passed off harmoniously. In Beaver, Butler, Mercer, Erie, Warren, Venango, Westmoreland, Indiana, McKean, Greene, Washington, Dauphin, Delaware, Huntingdon, and Somerset, divisions and dissensions exist which threaten the loss of thousands of votes to the republican state and county tickets. In other counties which are yet to hold conventions there are bitter contests going on which are bound to leave ugly scars.

The Twenty-fifth congressional district will have two republican candidates for Congress, the party in Beaver and Butler having determined to nominate a candidate against Major McDowell, who is supported by Lawrence and Mercer counties, and whose nomination, it is charged, was procured by bribery. In the Twenty-first district, composed of the counties of Westmoreland, Armstrong, Indiana and Jefferson, eighty-six ballots have resulted in a deadlock, with each county adhering to its candidate. No matter who may eventually be the nominee there will be dissatisfied elements which cannot be propitiated. In the Twenty-fourth congressional district, consisting of the counties of Fayette, Greene and Washington, and a part of Allegheny county, the nomination of an unsatisfactory candidate in the person of Andrew Stewart, of Fayette county, and the defeat of congressmen Ray (of Greene) for renomination have left a very bad taste in the mouths of republicans. The out-look is that there will be a snow-storm in that district on the 4th of November which will bury Mr. Steward out of sight. In the "shoes-string" district, the Eighteenth, composed of the counties of Franklin, Fulton, Huntingdon, Mifflin, Juniata, Snyder and Union, sheol itself is to pay with very little asphaltum on hand. The Hon. Dr. Atkinson, of Mifflintown, is trying to issue a *scire facias* to revive his lien on the republican party in that district, and Culbertson of Mifflin, Gehr, of Franklin and the stalwarts of Huntington refuse to obey the writ. Marshal Dill may be brought into the field by the democrats to settle the difficulty. In the Fourteenth district, embracing the counties of Dauphin, Lebanon and Perry, the re-nomination of Congressman Rife has jarred the machine out of gear and it will probably lose all of its wheels before the ides of November shall have arrived. In the Thirteenth district the Hon. Samuel A. Losch, without whose leadership of the republican party in Schuylkill county the politics of that region would be like the play of Hamlet with Hamlet left out, has turned state's evidence against Cameron and Quay and the republicans of that district are having "a monkey-and-parrot time," just now, which promises to be more interesting than a Mexican bull fight as time wears on. In the Sixth district composed of the counties of Chester and Delaware, the nomination of Hon. "Jack" Robinson has had the effect of dividing the republicans into Robinson and anti Robinson factions. And so the fiend of discord rages among the republicans throughout the state.

To the demoralized and disintegrating republican forces the democracy of the state present a united, harmonious and confident organization. The election is only a little more than two months off and it is hardly within the range of probabilities that during that brief period the conditions can be changed so as to give the republicans a victory. The signs all point to democratic success in November.—*Patriot.*

The Pennsylvania Contest.

In a few but pregnant phrases Robert E. Pattison accepts for the second time the burden of leadership put upon him by the Democratic and Independent masses of the Keystone State.

His admirable letter of acceptance helps to force a square issue between the present leadership and tendencies of the Republican party and the principles and men represented by Pattison and Black and set forth in the Democratic platform We must take conditions as they are, we cannot make them; and, humiliating as it is to declare, the issue in Pennsylvania involves, first of all, this: Shall our public officials and party leaders be instruments of the popular will imbued by the old-fashioned notions of personal honesty and decent decorum in places of trust?

It may be gathered from Mr. Pattison's letter of acceptance that he takes it for granted that *The World's* exposure of the men and methods now controlling the political destinies of his State are known to the body of electors. If they are not known and if they are not understood by the electors it is not the fault of this journal. Quay and Quayism have been unstripped to the thoughtful readers of the second commonwealth of the Union, as Tweed and Tweedism were laid bare in this State in 1870. Under ordinary circumstances and in a community less indoctrinated with the peculiar economical perversities which have long characterized Pennsylvania there would seem to be little doubt as to the choice an honest, self-respecting and enlightened electorate would make. But with the same insidious resources which enabled Quay to establish Quayism in the National Government it is impossible to conjecture the outcome of one of the most extraordinary canvasses known in our politics.

So far as signs go, Mr. Pattison enters his second campaign more promisingly than his first, for while the leading journals of the State have been amazingly dumb regarding Quay and his villainies, that potent independent segment of the Republican party which decided almost the same issue in 1882 has not been slow in expressing its abhorrence of Quay and its determination to defeat him and his tarnished nominee, Delamater, in November.—*World.*

Register by September 3rd.

Do not run any risk of losing your vote. There is some conflict of opinion regarding the interpretation of the law with reference to the registration of voters. In order that nobody shall run any risk all should be registered by September 3. Remember, September 3rd is the last day on which you can be registered without any question as to your right to vote.

WASHINGTON LETTER

(From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, D. C. Aug. 25, 1890.

Boss Quay is again in supreme command of the majority of the Senate. He was lenient towards Senators Hoar Spooner and the rest of his opponents letting them down easy by allowing them to report a new resolution in place of the one offered by him. But it amounts to precisely the same thing as if his resolution had been adopted. The tariff bill is to be voted upon during the first week or ten days of September, and as a special sop to the radical element the most of the republican Senators have signed an agreement to vote for the consideration of the Force bill in December next. This does not mean that all the republican Senators will vote for that atrocious measure, for a number of them have stated that while they were willing to vote to have the bill considered they proposed voting against it. The radical element hopes to gain four votes for it from the new Senators for Idaho and Wyoming.

Senator Gorman was asked what the democrats proposed doing in regard to the tariff bill. He said: "No agreement has been reached as to the close of debate upon the tariff bill. When there has been a sufficient, if not a thorough and satisfactory discussion of the bill, the democrats will agree, in accordance with the custom of the Senate, to take a vote upon it. The question has already been under consideration, but no conclusion has been reached. The proposition for a closure must come from the republicans. None has yet been received. When it comes we shall decide whether it is satisfactory if not we shall make a counter proposition." Senator Gorman intended that in two weeks more the democrats, having shown the most striking inconsistencies of the bill, would be perfectly willing to have the republicans pass it, and let the voters of the country, at the Congressional elections decide which party was in the right.

Senator Carlisle presented an argument which no republican Senator could answer when he showed by price lists and actual bills of sale that certain American manufacturers, who are given an increase of duty upon products similiar to those manufactured by them upon their plea that they are necessary to prevent their being driven out of business by foreign competitors, are selling their manufactures in foreign countries much cheaper—in some cases 33 and 50 per cent less—than they sell the same articles in the United States. Mr. Carlisle said he thought, and the consumers will undoubtedly think with him that if these manufacturers could afford under the present tariff to send their goods to foreign countries to compete with foreign manufacturers of the same articles, and sell them for less than they did at home, that it would be manifestly unjust to the home buyers to raise the duty in order to allow these manufacturers to make their American customers pay a still higher price. No republican attempted to make a specific answer to Mr. Carlisle's argument—it can't be answered. "Protection" is the humbug of the age.

If, in the face of the acknowledgement of the Commissioner of Pensions that he borrowed $12,000 on notes endorsed by George E. Lemon, the king of the Washington pension attorneys, the republicans of the committee investigating Representative Cooper's charges against Raum decide to whitewash that official they will prove themselves to be possessed of an unusual amount of "gall." Even for Reed's henchmen. When this charge was first made, and before investigation was ordered, Mr. Raum and his friends repeatedly stated that Lemon had never endorsed his notes. Finding that Mr. Cooper had absolute proof of the transaction he now boldly admits it, and yet attempts to deny that he has favored Lemen by advancing his business in the Pension office. Lemon did not endorse those notes for nothing, and if he had not taken himself off to Europe to escape testifying Mr. Cooper would have made that fact even clearer than it is now. The committee which has taken a recess to the first of September, has, by its rulings (voted against by the democratic members) made it almost impossible for Mr. Cooper to prove the charges, but what he admitted should be enough to make a vacancy in the head of the Pension office.

Speaker Reed could stand the pressure no longer, and on Saturday he agreed that Thursday and Saturday of this week should be devoted to the consideration of measures reported from the committee on Labor, and the House so ordered. He heard from some of the labor organizations in his district.

The late Senator Beck was eulogized in the Senate on saturday. Senators Carlisle, Blackburn, Vest, Ingalls and Allison paid glowing tributes to the memory of the deceased statesman.

The bill for Government inspection of meats for export, which makes little czars of the President and the Secretary of agriculture, has gone to the President for his approval.

A Railroad Into Eaglesmere.

Sojourners at Eaglesmere, Sullivan county, have been regaled the present Summer with the announcement that the Williamsport and North Branch railroad will be built through to the lake before another session rolls around. Visitors to the resort are at present compelled to travel by stage from Muncy Valley, a distance of six or seven miles. Although the rush of Summer visitors will be strengthened by the completion of direct railroad connection, many Eaglesmere guests fear that an undesirable element will be introduced into the population of the resort. It is further reported that the North Branch road will soon be built into Williamsport. It now connects with the Reading railroad at Hall's Station.—*Philadelphia Record.*

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCUS COUNTY,

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each, and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON,
(SEAL) *Notary Public.*

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO, Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c. 8-15-4-t.

A Gigantic Scheme.

PASSENGERS TO BE CONVEYED FROM CHICAGO TO LONDON INSIDE SEVEN DAYS.

QUEBEC, Aug. 25.—The most gigantic railroad scheme ever proposed in Canada, with the single exception of that of the Canadian Pacific Railway, is now about to engage a very large share of public attention here. The promoters are chiefly French and English capitalists, though Sir Hechter Largdoin, K. C., M. G., Minister of Public Works of the dominion, and Sir Charles Tupper, High Commissioner for Canada in London, are largely interested parties. The scheme is to build a railway eastward from Quebec, some 850 miles, to St. Charles Bay, on the Labrador coast, from which point large steamships are expected to make the voyage to Milford Haven, in Wales, in three and one-half days.

By this route it is expected that passengers and perishable freight can be carried from Chicago to London inside of seven days. It is proposed by the company, which calls itself the North Canadian Atlantic Railway and Steamship Company, to construct a new railway from Milford to London. The capital of the company is twenty million dollars, but the company is authorized to bond its road and issue debentures for the purchase of steamships.

The provisional directors include Sir Henry A. Isaacs, Lord Mayor of London; Sir Robert N. Fowler, M. P., banker; Thos. Woods, chairman of the Milford docks; Charles G. Mott, director of the Great Western Railway; William R. Baleh, banker, of London, and Sir Douglass Fox, the eminent English engineer, who is also consulting engineer to the company. The head office of the company is in England and the English directors have sent out one of their number, Mr. Baleh, to make preliminary arrangements.

Two Years Ago!

I was a sight to behold and was unable to enjoy life at all. Now I am the picture of health and can eat anything. What did it? Sulphur Bitters cured me of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, after suffering two years.—*W. H. Bowman, Manchester N. H.*

A Problem in Politics.

If it is true that Quay has been in the habit of opposing the candidates of his own party whenever his personal interests were jeopardized by their success, he cannot complain if the Blaine following in this State adopt the same rules and vote against his personal candidate for Governor, Senator Delamater.

Col. S. A. Losch of Schuylkill county is responsible for the statement that Senator Quay defeated the Republican ticket in 1887, because his personal interests were subserved by a promise of a part of the plunder of the office.

A man upon whom party obligations set thus lightly has no right to object to others exercising the same privilege. The Blaine interests in this State will be completely crushed by the election of Delamater. Why shouldn't the Blaine following adopt Quay's method of protecting itself?—*Herald.*

Nothumberland Convention.

HON. S. P. WOLVERTON, OF SUNBURY NOMINATED FOR CONGRESS.

SUNBURY, Aug. 25.—The Convention of the Democraty of Northumberland County, held here to-day, was the largest attended convention held in this city for years. Every delegate was in his seat at the time the convention was called to order, at 10, o'clock this morning.

Chairman Charles Dickerman called the convention to order, and the permanent secretaries were elected as follows; H. F. Mann of Sunbury; W. K. Edman, of Shamokin; S. G. Lantz, of Watsontown, and John M. Reese, of Shamokin.

Hon. S. P. Wolverton was nominated for Congress by acclamation, S. P. Fosnold was nominated for Prothonotary by acclamation, there being no opposition. After this the convention adjourned until 1 o'clock P. M. The first nomination made upon reconvening in the afternoon was that of Peter Criste as a member of the assembly. I. J. Renn received the nomination of Sheriff on the fourth ballot.

The convention passed resolutions endorsing the nomination of Pattison and the entire ticket, and loudly denouncing the force bill, and also the arbitrary action of Speaker Reed in depriving the minority of the privilege of discussion. The convention is still in session this evening, and it will be at a very late hour before the balance of the ticket will have been nominated.

Indep ndents Organizing.

The Independent Republicans who expect to support Pattison have been quietly busy for the past two or three weeks in effecting an organization which will extend to every county in the State. As soon as a suitable location is engaged the names of the chairman and secretaries, who have already been agreed upon, will be announced and the active work of the campaign begun. Those who have been engaged in this work say that Pennsylvania is full of Republicans this year who will vote for Pattison.

The Reading Accident.

INVESTIGATION OF THE CRAVITY ROAD DISASTER BEGUN BY THE CORONER.

READING, Aug. 25.—The Coroner's jury heard testimony regarding the cause of last Friday's accident on the Gravity Railway at city Hall this morning. In his testimony Brakeman Helder admitted that he was not a regular brakeman, and that he had jumped or fell off about half a mile from where the accident occured. He said the brake would not work when they stopped below the summit to allow the engine to go to the rear, but that Conductor Rettew had examined it at that time, said it was all right and ordered the engineer to push the car to summit.

Shortly after the car left the summit it was almost stopped but soon all control was lost and it went faster and faster. He testified that they had had trouble with the same breaks on the 8 o'clock trip on the morning of the accident.

It was shown by other witnesses that the car had been inspected by the regular car inspector and pronounced all right before starting on the trip. It was shown that the conductor, Charles Rettew, was a careful and experienced railroader, but was not acquainted with the theory of the new brakes and knew nothing about them except how to put them on and off.

Cornelius Haulon, a Reading Railroad engineer, who was a passenger and made a miraculous escape with his family, gave it as his opinion that the fault lay in pushing the car over the summit with the brakes in the condition they were. No one was able to give any satisfactory theory as to why the hand brakes would not work when after the air brakes gave out.

The Coroner's jury did not return its verdict until 11.30 to-night. The jury, after considering many questions relating to the accident concludes that "the fact that a car became stuck two hours before on a curve admonished all concerned that there was danger with the brakes. The jury concludes that the blame might reasonably be put on the brakemen and conductor, but that they should not bear the responsibility in acting for the company, which employed as brakemen and car inspectors men who know nothing about the brake lately adopted."

Be Sure

If you have made up your mind to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to take any other. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a peculiar medicine, possessing, by virtue of its peculiar combination, proportion, and preparation, curative power superior to any other article. A Boston lady who knew what she wanted, and whose example is worthy imitation, tells her experience below:

To Get

"In one store where I went to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla the clerk tried to induce me buy their own instead of Hood's; he told me their's would last longer; that I might take it on ten days' trial; that if I did not like it I need not pay anything, etc. But he could not prevail on me to change. I told him I knew what Hood's Sarsaparilla was. I had taken it, was satisfied with it, and did not want any other.

Hood's

When I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla I was feeling real miserable, suffering a great deal with dyspepsia, and so weak that at times I could hardly stand. I looked, and had for some time, like a person in consumption. Hood's Sarsaparilla did me so much good that I wonder at myself sometimes, and my friends frequently speak of it." MRS. ELLA A. GOFF, 61 Terrace Street, Boston.

Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

WE SEND FREE

to every address our New Illustrated Fashion Catalogue of Fall and Winter Wear.

E. O. THOMPSON,
Merchant Tailor and Clothier.
1338 Chestnut Street,
PHILA.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Mary Helwig, deceased.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to make distribution of the funds in said estate will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, Col. Co., Pa., on Saturday, September 6th, at 10 a. m., when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

C. W. MILLER,
Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Nellie Helwig, deceased.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to make distribution of the funds in said estate will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, Col. Co., Pa., on Saturday, September 6th, at 10 a. m., when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same, or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

C. W. MILLER,
Auditor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of David Lewis, late of Sugarloaf twp deed.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of David Lewis, late of the township of Sugarloaf, county of Columbia, and state of Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to Oscar Lewis and D. J. Lewis, of Sugarloaf, Columbia county, Pa., to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

FRITZ, Atty. OSCAR LEWIS,
8-15-6t. D. J. LEWIS,
Administrators.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Elizabeth Kline, deceased.

The undersigned having been appointed an auditor to distribute the fund in the hands of H. W. Kline, executor of Elizabeth Kline, late of Fishing creek township, deceased, will meet the parties interested at his office in Bloomsburg on Tuesday, the 9th day of Sept., 1890, at 9 o'clock a. m., when and where all parties having a claim against said fund will appear and present the same or be debarred from coming in for a share of said fund.

WM. CHRISMAN,
Auditor.

CHANGE OF NAME.

State of Pennsylvania, County of Columbia, ss.

Among the records and proceedings of the Court of Common Pleas of said County and State aforesaid, it is *inter alia* thus contained.

Common Pleas of Columbia county, No. 1, May Term, 1890, C. P.

In the matter of the application of Charles H. Fisher to have his name changed to Charles Conner, made at May Term, 1890, of this Court.

And now, August 7th, 1890, it appearing to the Court that three months have elapsed since the presenting of the petition in this case to the Court and that the prayer of the petition should be granted, the Court hereby makes decree that the name of the petitioner be changed from Charles H. Fisher to Charles Conner, and direct that notice of this decree shall be published in the COLUMBIAN, a weekly newspaper published in Bloomsburg for four successive weeks.

BY THE COURT.

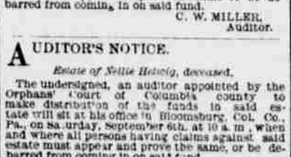
Certified from the records this) WM. H. SNYDER,
13th day of August, A. D. 1890.) Prothy.
8-15-4t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE

Estate of William A. Robbins Deceased.

The undersigned an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the administrators of said estate, to and among the parties entitled thereto, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, on Monday, September 8, 1890, at ten o'clock a. m., when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same, or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

Aug. 6, 1890. B. F. ZARR,
Auditor.



One of the BEST Tools ever put in the hands of the people in the world. Our facilities are unequaled, and to introduce our popular goods we will endeavor to have a person in each locality, as above, who sees them, to whom we will give a set at once and make a start at the chance. All you have to do is to show our goods to those who call—your neighbors and friends will do the rest. The beginning of this advertisement shows the small end of the telescope. The following cut gives the appearance of it reduced to

about the fiftieth part of its bulk. It is a grand, double size telescope, as large as is easy to carry. We will also show you how you can make from $5 to $10 a day at least, from the start, without experience. Better write at once. We pay all express charges. Address, H. HALLETT & CO., Box 880, PORTLAND, MAINE.

THE COLUMBIAN
IS THE BEST.

I. MAIER,

The Reliable Clothier,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Comes to the front with a complete new Spring and Summer Stock of the most Select Clothing for Men, Youths, Boys, and Children. The Latest Styles of

HATS! CAPS! SHIRTS!

COLLARS AND NECKWEAR.

Trunks, Valises and Underwear

IN ABUNDANCE.

The enlargement of Business and the large trade made accounts for our having well-made Clothing and not those that are now made and cut to sell for auction.

RESPECTFULLY YOURS,

I. MAIER.

☞ The largest and choicest line of Clothing, Hats, Caps, Trunks and Gents' Furnishing Goods in Columbia and Montour Counties, Pa.

DR. GROSVENOR'S
Bell-cap-sic PLASTERS.
ARE THE BEST POROUS PLASTERS IN THE WORLD.

They cure Rheumatism, Kidney Pains, Backache, Pleurisy and all lameness brought on by exposure or over-exertion. If you want

Quick Relief from

pain, insist on having Grosvenor's BELL-CAP-SIC PLASTER with a picture of a bell on the back-cloth, for there is no plaster, liniment, or lotion that has such complete mastery over

ALL ACHES AND PAINS.

Dr. Grosvenor's Bell-Cap-sic Plasters are Purely Vegetable and Harmless. Relieve instantly and never fail to cure.

SAFE, QUICK AND SURE.

Sold by druggists or mailed on receipt of 25c.

GROSVENOR & RICHARDS,
Boston, Mass.

8-29-4t.

ADMINISTRATORS SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate!

Pursuant to an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia County, the undersigned administrators of the estate of Charles B. Troy, late of Beaver township, will be exposed at public sale on the premises in said township on

SATURDAY, SEPT. 6, 1890,

at 10 o'clock a. m., the following described

Real Estate,

situate in Beaver township, in said county of Columbia, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Northwardly by lands of Mrs. Margaret Davis, eastwardly and southwardly by lands of heirs of Isaac Davis and westwardly by lands of Garret Vanblarigan, containing

85 ACRES,

be the same more or less.

E. H. LITTLE, Atty.

JOHN H. DAVIS,
PRISCILLA TROY,
Adm'rs.

M'Killip

BLOOMSBURG.

Fine Cabinet portraits only $3 doz. Life size Crayons only $10.00. Viewing, copying and enlarging. Instant process used. tf.

BYRON CLARK, A. M. M. D.
New York City.

—SPECIALIST,—

In The Treatment of Chronic Diseases confines his practice to such cases only as are so clearly and fully developed as to make a complete and positive Diagnosis without the hesitating or allowing Patients to make experiments on their condition. On this basis of Positive Diagnosis, for treatment, Dr. Clark's Experience has become strictly scientific and by a Thirty Years Practice which is extensive, variety, and successful results is equaled by few and excelled by none. Patients, male and female, not cured by ordinary Treatment or in doubt as to the nature of their disease Especially Invited.

DR. CLARK'S ASSISTANT, (Mrs. Kinney), will give especial attention to the Examination and application of all necessary Appliances in the treatment of Women.

DR. CLARK Teaches and Practices Positive Diagnosis and by confining his practices exclusively to fully developed Chronic Diseases of Men and Women has attained unusual success in the treatment of many so called incurable maladies, and can be consulted Free of Charge At

NEW YORK CITY, at the "Hyron," 107 West 98th Street, June 13 to 17; Aug. 24 to Sept. 1; Sept. 28 to Oct. 5; Oct. 19 to 26; Nov. 16 to 23; Dec. 7 to 14, 1890. Feb. 15 to 25; March 8 to 15, 1891. Dr. Homer L. Clark, from Jan. 6 to Feb 1, 1891.

PITTSBURG and LABORATORY, PA., Special Engagements, June 21 to July 6.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Mansion House, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Aug. 28, 29 and 30, '90.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., Bingham House July 8th and 9th, and on Monday, Sept. 1st '90.

CATAWISSA, PA., Susquehanna House, Tuesday, Sept. 2nd, '90.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., Exchange Hotel, Wednesday and Thursday, Sept. 3 and 4, '90. 8-15-3t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Rebecca Helwig, deceased.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to make distribution of the funds in said estate will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, Col. Co., Pa., on Saturday, September 6th, at 10 a. m., when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same, or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

C. W. MILLER,
Auditor.

YOU can get the best education at CLARK'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, Erie, Pa., and make money. Write for circulars. Mailed free. 8-6-4t.

1890. FALL! 1890.

KEITER.

Is receiving daily new Carpets, in Velvet, Body and Tapestry Brussels and Ingrains, in new styles for Fall of 1890.

We have Ingrains worth from 50 to 60c cents, reduced to 35 and 40 cents to close them out. Rag Carpets from 35 cents up—made of New Rags.

RUGS | MATTING | OIL-CLOTHS | & | LINOLEUM.

—ALL AT REASONABLE PRICES.—

NEXT DOOR TO I. W. HARTMAN & SONS.

MAIN ST., BLOOMSBURG, - - - PA

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF

CARPET, MATTING,
or OIL CLOTH,

YOU WILL FIND A NICE LINE AT

W. H. BROWER'S

2nd Door above Court House.

A new lot of Window Curtains received this week.

EASTMAN COLLEGE POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., offers both sexes the best educational advantages at the lowest cost. Thorough instruction in Arithmetic and other English Branches, Bookkeeping, Banking, Correspondence, Commercial Law, etc.; Penmanship, Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphing, etc. The College is open all the year, and is a live, practical school; teaching young people to earn a living and carefully fitting them for honorable positions. Gold Medal awarded at Paris Exposition (World's Fair, 1889) for best course of study and plan of operation. Business houses supplied with competent assistants on short notice. No charge for situations furnished. For information and catalogue address as above EASTMAN COLLEGE

EVERY WATERPROOF COLLAR OR CUFF THAT CAN BE RELIED ON

BE UP TO THE MARK

Not to Split!
Not to Discolor!

BEARS THIS MARK.

TRADE ELLULOID MARK.

NEEDS NO LAUNDERING. CAN BE WIPED CLEAN IN A MOMENT.

THE ONLY LINEN-LINED WATERPROOF COLLAR IN THE MARKET.

FOR SALE.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned, surviving executor of the last will and testament of Ezekiel Cole, late of Sugarloaf township, in Columbia county, Penna., now offers at private sale a large body of the most desirable real estate to be found in the township.

It consists of a tract of land lying upon both sides of the Fishingcreek, and comprising in the whole about

280 Acres.

That portion of it which is upon the west side of the creek has the following improvements and advantages, to-wit. A large frame

DWELLING HOUSE,

formerly kept as a hotel, a Frame Building erected for and occupied as a country store, a large frame building erected and occupied as a tenant house, and also outbuildings, Saw mill, &c. It is well wooded and has a considerable quantity of excellent fruit. It is accessible by two public roads and a county bridge, and also by the Bloomsburg & Sullivan railroad, and it contains about

111 Acres.

The remainder of the tract lying upon the east side of the creek, is also accessible by two public roads and a county bridge across Fishingcreek to the railroad. The improvements are a large barn &c., the whole tract having been occupied as the homestead farm. This piece contains about

170 Acres.

It will be sold together or in parcels as may be deemed most expedient. The sale will be by the acre. A draft of the land with the improvements roads, &c., can be seen in the hands of the executor at the banking house of the Bloomsburg Banking Company, where also inquirers may learn terms of sale, &c.

Aug. 1-1890. H. H. GROTZ, Executor,
tf. Bloomsburg, Pa.

FARM FOR RENT

A farm of 100 acres, with handsome new house and barn, and supplied with abundant water, will be rented at a low rent for the term of five years, to a good tenant who can furnish his own stock and equipment. The farm is in the Catawissa Valley on the Township road from Brandonville to Ashenreid, two miles from Brandonville and near Girard Manor. References requested. Address HERBERT S. THOMPSON, Engineer Girard Estate Pottsville, Pa. Nov. 1-4y.

Handsomely framed life size Crayons, photographs all sizes, in correct styles and perfect finish, colored photographs, large or small, frames and moulding.

M'KILLIP BROS., Bloomsburg.
tf.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the first and final account of the Bloomsburg Bridge Company has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and will be presented to the said Court on the fourth Monday of September, A. D., 1890, and confirmed nisi, and unless exceptions are filed within four days thereafter will be confirmed absolute.

Prothonotary's office. WM. H. SNYDER,
8-29-'90. Proth.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the matter of the first and partial account of C. K. Adams Esr. of the last will and testament of Rhos. L. Adams, late of Briarcreek Twp., deceased.

The undersigned appointed auditor to pass upon the exceptions filed to the confirmation of the account, of the executor in said estate, and to make distribution of the balance now in the hands of the said executor, and also to report whether the trusts, created by the will of the testator can be divided, and if so into how many, and what parts, without prejudice to the rights of parties, beneficially interested therein; Will meet the parties interested in said estate for the purpose of attending to the duties of his appointment, at his office, in the Town of Bloomsburg, Pa., on Wednesday the 10th day of September, A. D. 1890, at 9 o'clock a. m., at which time and place all persons interested shall be required to make their claims, before the auditor, or be debarred from coming in upon the said fund.

8-15 J. H. MAIZE,
Auditor.

SALESMEN WANTED

to canvass for the sale of Nursery Stock. SITUATIONS PERMANENT, SALARY and EXPENSES FROM START. Quick selling specialties. No experience necessary. Outfit FREE. Write for terms, stating age.

H. E. HOOKER CO., Nurserymen, Rochester N. Y.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—*U. S. Government Report, Aug.* 17, 1889.

The Columbian

Published every Friday. Subscription price, $1.00 a year.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa., as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

BLOOMSBURG, PA

FRIDAY, AUGUST 29, 1890.

CORRECT RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Trains on the P. & R. R. R. leave Rupert as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
7:32 a. m.	11:02 a. m.
3:31 p. m.	6:23 p. m.

Trains on the D. L. & W. R. R. leave Bloomsburg as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
7:26 a. m.	8:32 a. m.
10:49 a. m.	12:18 p. m.
2:35 p. m.	4:15 p. m.
6:36 p. m.	9:04 p. m.

Trains on the N. & W. B. Railway pass Bloom Ferry as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
10:48 a. m.	12:37 p. m.
6.56 p. m.	4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY.

NORTH.	SOUTH.
10:48 a m	6:39 p m

BLOOMSBURG & SULLIVAN RAILROAD

Taking effect MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1889.

	SOUTH.			NORTH.	
STATIONS.	Ar. P. M.	Ar. A. M.	Ar. A. M.	Lv. A. M.	Lv. P. M.
Bloomsburg	6 28	11 48	7 05	8 35	2 35
Main Street	6 18	11 41	6 58	8 42	2 42
Irondale	6 16	11 39	6 56	8 45	2 45
Paper Mill	6 08	11 31	6 48	8 53	2 53
Lightstreet	6 05	11 28	6 43	8 56	2 56
Orangeville	5 57	11 20	6 35	9 08	3 07
Forks	5 45	11 10	6 25	9 15	3 17
Zaner's	5 42	11 06	6 21	9 20	3 20
Stillwater	5 37	11 02	6 17	9 25	3 25
Benton	5 28	10 55	6 10	9 33	3 33
Rhoads	5 23	10 50	6 07	9 36	3 37
Coles Creek	5 20	10 45	6 05	9 38	3 40
Sugarloaf	5 15	10 42	6 02	9 42	3 43
Laubachs	5 12	10 40	6 00	9 47	3 48
Central	5 03	10 33	5 53	9 57	3 58
Jamison City	5 00	10 30	5 50	10 00	4 00
	Lv. P. M.	Lv. A. M.	Lv. A. M.	Ar. A. M.	Ar P. M.

SALES.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 30.—Oscar Lewis and D. J. Lewis, Administrators of David Lewis will sell personal property on the premises of D. J. Lewis in Sugarloaf township. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock.

SATURDAY, SEPT. 6.—John H. Davis and Priscilla Troy, Administrator of the estate of Charles B. Troy will sell 85 acres of land in Beaver township. Sale will commence at 10 o'clock.

FOR SALE—Dwelling houses in Bloomsburg, Orangeville, Espy and Rupert Pa. Farms in Pennsylvania, Kansas and Virginia. Vacant lots in Bloomsburg. Store properties, Grist mills and other property by M. P. Lutz, Insurance and Real Estate Agent, Bloomsburg, Pa.

FOR SALE.—House and lot in Rupert, lot 120 x 140 ft. Two story, house, with nine rooms. Bay windows, out kitchen, ice and coal house, good stable, chicken and pig pen. Choice fruit, evergreen trees, good water, Two railroads, Twelve trains a day each way, to Bloomsburg, fare 8c round trip. Low taxes. A great bargain, if taken soon.

M. P. Lutz, Insurance & Real Est. Agt.

FOR SALE.—Fine building lot, Main St., near Normal School. Apply to

G. W. KEITER.

Personal.

B. F. Zarr and family are at Williams' Grove this week.

W. Clark Sloan of Philadelphia is spending the week in town.

C. W. Neal's Fifth street residence is completed, and he has moved back into it

Mrs. Jameson and daughters have returned from the seashore.

Frank Patterson is at home on a visit. He has been engaged on an engineer corps during the summer.

Mrs. N. U. Funk and Charles P. Elwell are spending a couple of weeks in Towanda.

Geo. C. Roan the efficient foreman of this office, was confined to the house a couple of days this week by illness.

Miss Barr of Gettysburg and also Miss Fox, daughter of the late Prof. Fox, of Lafayette College, Easton, Pa., are visiting at Rev. I. M. Patterson's.

Oysters will be in season again next Monday.

Out of 750 phones at Wilkes-Barre, but 80 could be used after the storm last week.

H. G. Housel will open his fruit and oyster stand Monday next, September 1st.

There was frost in many places in this county last Sunday morning.

Oh my! What pastry. "Pillsbury's Best" at Kocher & Co's grocery.

A Sunday School from Bennett's, above Kingston, occupied Oak Grove on Tuesday.

The Berwick Fair will be held from September 3rd to 6th inclusive. Every effort is being put forth to make it a success.

Senator V. H. Metzgar of Williamsport who has been ill for some time is much improved in health.

GIRLS WANTED.—At the Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg, for chamber work, dining room and laundry.

The Jackson & Woodin M'f'g. Co., have placed a long distance telephone cabinet in their office at Berwick.

Monday, September 1, is Labor Day, and a legal holiday. Notes at bank falling due on that day will have to be paid on Saturday.

LENT.—Smith's Bible Dictionary, Vol. 4. in half calf. The book, or any information about it will be highly gratifying to the owner, whose name is in it. 29-2t*.

The Continental Fire Insurance Company, of New York, issues tornado policies. J. H. Maize, Bloomsburg, is their agent.

There was a tumble in the thermometer last Friday, and over-coats were not uncomfortable. At Milton there was a quarter of an inch of snown on Saturday morning.

Stiltz & Co., of Jamison city, have sold their store to Mr. Proctor, and have made an assignment for the benefit of creditors. The assignment was recorded on Saturday. J. P. Hill is the assignee.

The Annual Harvest Services will be held as follows: on Sunday August 31, Hidlay at 10:30 a. m. and Briarcreek at 2:30 p. m., and Sunday September 7, Zion at 10:30 a. m., St. James 2:15 p. m. and Orangeville 7:30 p. m.

You never saw a flour like it, "Pillsbury's Best" at Kocher & Co's.

"Pillsbury's Best" is made from Northern Minnesota Spring Wheat, the finest in the world. Get it at W. R. Kocher & Co's.

The Columbia Co. W. C. T. U. will hold a convention at Light Street, Sept. 3rd and 4th. It is expected that all officers and delegates will be present. The public is cordially invited.

Wilkes-Barre was crowded on Sunday with visitors who went there to see the effect of the tornado. It is said that 125 people went up from Bloomsburg on the N. & W. B.

H. H. Hulme is busily at work in replacing the roofs on his buildings. One cannot fully realize the havoc created by the cyclone without going on the spot. Mr. Hulme's loss is several thousand dollars.

Miss Ella A. Fox desires to express her thanks to all those who so kindly assisted at the recent concert, and to the public for their liberal patronage; also to Messrs. Peacock and Dentler for favors extended, and to Mr. Saltzer for permitting the use of a new Estey piano.

If the republican party should insist upon the delegates bringing a return sheet, properly certified by the judge and clerk, together with the votes, there would be no occasion for the appointment of a committee to act as a returning board as they did last Monday.

With their usual enterprise, McKillip Bros. visited the scenes of destruction the next day after the cyclone, and now have on exhibition a number of photographs showing the Hulme buildings, scenes at Harveyville and other points. These pictures are for sale, and are well worth preserving.

"Some years ago Ayer's Cherry Pectoral cured me of asthma after the best medical skill had failed to give me relief. A few weeks since, being again troubled with the disease, I was promptly relieved by the same remedy."—F. S. Hassler, Editor *Argus*, Table Rock, Nebraska.

The Harvest Home of the Heller's church will be held in Masteller's Grove, Madison Township, Sept. 4. Revs. Schotdler of Turbotville, Peters of Danville, Auman of Bloomsburg and the pastor will conduct these services. If the weather is unfavorable it will be held in the church. All are respectfully invited to attend.

The Sons of Veterans were unfortunate with their camp-fire. Saturday was the time fixed, and Oak Grove the place, but the rain compelled a postponement, and it was decided to hold it Monday and Tuesday evenings. Monday evening the attendance was good, but it rained very hard on Tuesday night and they were again disappointed.

The 8.35 train on the D. L. & W. ran over an old man named Taylor, last Wednesday morning and killed him, at a point about two miles this side of Danville. His head was crushed and one foot cut off. The train was stopped and run back, and nearly all the passengers got off, and the mangled remains carried into the house of his daughter near by. The deceased was 73 years old, and was so deaf that he did not hear the cars. He was picking coal along the track. The engine came upon him suddenly, and struck him before the engineer could stop the train.

St. Paul's P. E. church was filled last Sunday evening by a congregation that was drawn together by the announcement that special music would be rendered. The choir consisted of Miss Annie Miller and Miss Annie Fox, soprano, Mrs. Osbourn and Miss Ella Fox contralto, Mr. P. E. Wirt tenor, and Mr. L. S. Winterstein, bass, Miss. Maud Runyon played an opening voluntary, and the Gloria in Excelsis, the Cantate, and the Benedic, the three latter being elaborate and difficult anthems. She also played the accompaniment for a beautiful solo. "In the Depths," sung at the Offertory by Mrs. Osbourn. Miss Runyon is rapidly developing into an accomplished organist. Mr. Geo. E. Elwell, at present acting as organist of the church, played the hymns, the Gloria Patri, and the closing voluntary. The services consisted of Evening Prayer, without a sermon, and it was a most beautiful and impressive service.

Do you like *pie*? Get 'Pillsbury's Best' Flour at W. R. Kocher & Co's.

The editor of the Dushore *Review* has been over the new Lehigh Valley branch in Sullivan county which is being built to connect with the Harvey's Lake R. R., and thus make a through route to Williamsport, and here is what he says about it: "Leaving Lopez the locomotive steamed up the steep grade at a high rate of speed and in almost no time at all left Trexler, Turrell & Co's mill and Kipp's mill, with their thousands of saw logs behind. With labored groans but undiminishable speed the train climbs the steep incline, farther and farther toward the summit of the old North Mountain, and every revolution of the wheels taking us deeper into the largest forest in Pennsylvania. Here is timber in seemingly inexhaustible quantities. Hemlock, spruce, beech, birch and maple trees of centuries growth and enormous girth, tower heavenward and crowd each other until the sun's rays are almost entirely excluded and the forest is impassable. It seems almost a pity that these immense solitudes should be invaded by railroads and telegraphs, bringing in their train hundreds of vandals who will cut and slash and hew until the last stick has been cut into lumber and dragged off by the screaming iron horse. But it will take years to accomplish this, no matter how thick the mills are set, so enormous is the quantity of lumber standing in this tract. And before that is done the buried treasures of coal and iron will be wrenched from the earth and coal gondolas and dumps will quickly follow the almost endless stream of flat lumber cars which will pass out of this region for the next fifteen years. Still climbing we cross the Sullivan county line, cross Mehoopany creek on a splendid iron bridge and about three miles beyond the labored puffing of the locomotive suddenly ceased and we are running down hill. We have passed the summit, the highest point in Pennsylvania reached by a locomotive, over 2200 feet above tide water, and the tiny rivulet at the side of the track is the head waters of Bowman's creek. At last the whistle gives a series of shrill shrieks and the train comes to a standstill eighteen miles from Lopez, in Luzerne county, and about nine miles from the opposite terminus of the Harvey's Lake branch of the Valley line."

WOMAN'S CURIOSITY.

We know no woman in the land,
Even though she on her head must stand,
Would make the passing of this ditty;
And in this attitude to keep her long,
would be a pity.

So we'll be brief—it's quickly told,
Through all this land where flour is sold;
"Pillsbury's Best" has stood the test,
And every housewife uses "Best"
So when you pass your Grocer's stand,
And in every Grocery it is sold;
"Pillsbury's Best" the name is old,
Just try this flour of famous brand.

The State Board of Health gives the following precaution against cholera morbus, summer diarrhœa and dysentery, all of which diseases occur principally during the summer and autumn: "Cholera morbus is caused by improper food and sudden chilling of the body after exposure to great heat. Certain substances will produce it in certain persons, such for instance as veal, raw milk taken with fish, or shell fish, and all dishes cooked with milk, such as rice pudding, cream puffs and even ice cream, *when kept too long*. Unripe and overripe fruit, especially if taken with large draughts of water, will also cause it. But sound, ripe fruit is a natural food in hot weather, and wholesome. Avoid becoming chilled during sleep. In a climate as changeable as ours, a light blanket should always be at hand, to be drawn up in case it suddenly becomes cold during the night. Persistent summer diarrhœa is usually caused by malaria, sewer air, or impure water. The conditions liable to contaminate air and water should be carefully sought out and remedied as is indicated in speaking of Asiatic cholera. The water can be rendered safe by boiling. As dysentery is often epidemic, it is wise to consider every case as a possible source of danger to others, and to disinfect the discharges with the same care and in the same manner as already directed for those of Asiatic cholera."

HESS RE-UNION.

The Hess re-union at the Grove of Reuben Hess, Rupert, on Thursday of last week, was a success notwithstanding the occasional shower. There were present about four hundred people, representing Lycoming, Union, Northumberland, Luzerne, Northampton and Columbia counties, besides several from other states. The representation from Columbia County, was not as large as it should have been. This is the second re-union, and it is now a fixed fact that this re-union will occur during the month of August each year. The following officers were elected; President, J. Wilson Hess, of Montandon, Pa.; Vice-President, Stephen Hess, of Easton, Pa.; Secretary, A. W. Hess, of Mifflin, Pa.; Assistant Secretary, Dr. M. J. Hess, Bloomsburg, Pa.; Treasurer, Reuben Hess, Rupert, Pa. In order to make the day more interesting the following committees were appointed:—On Music; Tilgham Straus, Benj. Workheiser, Dr. M. J. Hess. Program and Time; Geo. Hess, Charles M. Hess, Jeremiah Hess, Jr., J. K. Bittenbender, Geo. Wilson Hess. The date for the meeting of 1891 will be announced in due time. It is to be hoped that at the next meeting we may have fine weather, in which event there should be an attendance of nearly a thousand people.

New School Books for Old Ones.

At the last meeting of the School Board, the subject of a change of readers, spellers and copy-books was discussed. Complaints were made by scholars that the present books were becoming tedious to them. Through the efforts of M. J. Phillips, representing the American Book Company, the board adopted Swinton's works, and Spencerian copy-books, upon an even exchange of an old one for a new one. The patrons can readily see the advantage of such a change, especially when the new book has the same retail price as the old one. Also those having the Barnes reader of the first grade may exchange for a new one of the next grade by paying only the difference of price between the two grades. It is seldom a school district has such an opportunity to get new books for old ones. Several book agents were here and entered into a contest to supply the district, this brought on the cutting rates. Another advantage of the change is that the same reader is used in our Normal School. Those completing the common school course can enter the Normal School without buying all new text books.

The Concert.

When the curtain rose on the Opera House stage last Friday night, over three hundred people were seated before it. It was one of the most select audiences ever in the hall. About 350 tickets were sold, and the net proceeds were $140. Miss Ella A. Fox can well feel assured of her personal popularity, and that the people of Bloomsburg are interested in her success, and that her singing is highly appreciated, for the rain was pouring down when the concert began, notwithstanding which nearly everybody who had tickets were on hand. The playing of the orchestra elicited words of praise on all sides. Considering the short time that they have practiced together, their performance is remarkable. They played "Silver Bell," and "The Brigands," and for encores they gave "First Kiss" waltz, and a galop. The female quartette consisting of Mrs. Osbourn, Misses Fox, Miller and Beth Runyan, sang two numbers, "Hollos" and "Annie Laurie," and were obliged to repeat them both. "Annie Laurie" was beautifully rendered without accompaniment, and fairly took the house by storm. Mrs. Grant Herring recited "Two sides of a story" in a most pleasing manner, and Miss Ella Fox sang a contralto solo, "The bequet from admiring friends. She was encored and sang a pretty ballad. Her voice has improved wonderfully under Mrs. Osbourn's tuition. It is strong and sweet and clear, and she never sang better. Miss Annie R. May, of Philadelphia, who is visiting friends here, played two numbers on the zither. She is only a little girl just in her teens, but she performed on this difficult instrument with the skill of a professional. It took well with the audience, and she was encored both times. Mr. William Montague Perrett, of Philadelphia, who was in town on a summer outing, sang a baritone solo, accompanied by the female quartette; he also sang a solo, "Anchored." His voice is a pleasant one, and he received well merited applause. Mrs. Osbourn sang the flower song from Faust, and her magnificient voice was at its best. Her range is wonderful, running almost from bass to high soprano, and all her tones are clear and full. She has sung in the Metropolitian Opera House, New York, under the leadership of Walter Damrosch and she expects to go to London next year to still further cultivate her voice. She was recalled, of course, and presented with a boquet. Miss Fox and Mr. Paul E. Wirt sang a duet so well that they were obliged to repeat it. Miss Annie Miller was warmly welcomed, and sang "In Sweet September." This was beautifully rendered, and so well appreciated that the audience made her sing another song, and she too received a boquet. The programme ended with a quartette, "Sleep, Darling Sleep," Misses Fox and Miller, and Messrs. Wirt and Winterstеen, a beautiful composition by Parry, charmingly sung by these well known vocalists. Mrs. Osbourn sang "Dreams" by special request. Miss Maud Runyan is entitled to special praise for the very laborious part which she so well performed. She played the piano with the orchestra, and played the accompaniments for all the songs, thus requiring her to appear in nearly every number on the programme. She is a fine performer, and did her part with ease and grace.

The piano used was kindly loaned by J. Saltzer. It was one of the celebrated Estey make, and its fine tones added greatly to the excellence of all the music.

The concert was under the management of Geo. E. Elwell.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

The republican Convention was called in the Court House Monday afternoon at one o'clock by County Chairman C. C. Peacock Esq. Dr A. P. Keller and D. L. B. Kline were named for the position of chairman. A resolution was offered that the selection be determined by a call of roll of delegates. The announcement was made that as there was no list of delegates the townships be called and the delegates respond. This fight was only to show a test of strength of the candidates, resulting in a victory for the Sands men as follows: Dr. A. P. Heller 36, Dr. L. B. Kline 24 votes.

Dr. Heller took the chair and announced that he was ready to receive nominations for Secretary. Several were named and after many refusals to accept the empty honor, Dr. Wintersteen and Dr. L. B. Kline were selected by acclamation. The townships were then called and the delegates responded.

W. D. Beckley offered the following: *Resolved*, That H. A. M'Killip, C. C. Evans, C. S. W. Fox and Edward boone be appointed as Congressional Conferees.

For Senatorial conferees the following were placed in nomination: F. S. Smith, J. B. Yetter, Z. T. Fowler, Joseph Crawford, F. H. Eaton, J. M. Buckalew, J. S. Kline. J. B. Yetter, Z T. Fowler, Joseph Crawford and J. M. Buckalew declined and the remaining three were made the conferees.

B. D. Freas of Berwick offered the following which was adopted: *Resolved*, That the nominee for County Commissioner shall be from the South side of the Susquehanna river every third term, provided that if the candidate nominated to-day is from the north side, the candidate next term shall be taken from the south side and every third term thereafter, as provided by this resolution.

REPRESENTATIVE.

D. C. Black of Centralia, and M. C. Vance, of Orange, were nominated by acclamation as candidates for Representatives.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.

For Associate Judge many names were mentioned, as there seemed to be an inclination to injure the present member, M. W. Jackson. After a fruitless effort to get a candidate to try the fight, balloting was commenced with the names of M. C. Jackson and E. C. Wells, when the name of Wells was withdrawn and Jackson nominated by acclamation.

PROTHONOTARY.

J. C. Brown, editor of the *Republican* was named, but immediately withdrew; and Silas Conner of Orange, was made the nominee.

REGISTER & RECORDER.

The names of J. Saltzer, J. B. Yetter, Z. T. Fowler and Charles Hughes were placed in nomination, but Saltzer, Yeiter and Fowler withdrew leaving Charles Hughes of Franklin, to tussle with the 2500 majority.

TREASURER.

David Reedy of Briarcreek was tendered the honor of making a fruitless fight.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

The name of W. D. Beckley of Bloomsburg was placed in nomination by acclamation.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

This is the only plum that the republicans of this county can reach and there was a lively fight for it. The names of Wm. Utt of Main, C. L. Sands of Mt. Pleasant, Samuel Camp of Locust and Ezra Stephens of Sugarloaf were placed in nomination. This is the only office that candidates were voted for at the delegate election last Saturday, and hence delegates were obliged to vote as instructed. The secretaries were directed to call the roll of delegates; Bloom was called, giving C. L. Sands 2 delegates, Benton responded with 2 for W. H. Utt. At this point W. D. Beckley arose and said there was a dispute as to the count in Benton township and moved that a committe on credentials be appointed to examine into the matter of contested townships. The chairman appointed J. S. Blue, Theodore Christian and F. A. Robbins. The committee went into the grand jury room followed by witnesses and delegates of the contested townships of Benton and East Scott. The roll call was stopped pending the decision of the committee. Upon their return they reported that C. L. Sands and W. H. Utt having received a tie vote in each of the contested districts, as speared by the certificate of returns, they gave each a vote in the districts. Balloting was then continued giving a result as follows:

C. L. Sands, 30; W. H. Utt, 20; Samuel Camp, 10.

Upon resolution the name of Samuel Camp was dropped and a second ballot called. On this ballot when Briarcreek was reached J. H. Eck voted for C. L. Sands, after proceeding for a few townships some one informed Mr. Eck that he could not vote for Sands when he was instructed for Utt. It was some time before the chairman could understand why Eck could not vote as he pleased and endeavored to count him for Sands, but when Secretary Kline stated that Mr. Eck must vote for Utt as long as he was a candidate, the vote was so recorded and again the roll call was commenced and continued until all townships were called, resulting as follows:

C. L. Sands, 32; W. H. Utt, 28.

Mr. Sands was therefore declared the nominee.

B. D. Freas of Briarcreek gave the following: *Resolved*, That the delegates to State conventions be elected 30 days before the convention. This resolution was offered to provide for a positive time for delegates so that a few could not get together and call a few numbers and name their own selection of delegates.

W. D. Beckley offered a resolution that this convention re-affirm the principals of the platform adopted at the Harrisburg convention and pledge themselves to support the candidates there nominated. The resolution was adopted with a few dissenting voices.

COUNTY AUDITORS.

B. D. Freas of Berwick, John R. Deimer of Catawissa and T. W. Smith of Benton were named, the ballot resulting as follows:

B. D. Freas 29; J. R. Deimer 23; T. W. Smith 15.

The name of Smith was dropped, as he had the lowest vote, when Freas withdrew and Deimer was made the nominee.

COMMITTEEMEN.

The chairman announced that the townships would be called and the delegates should report the names of members of the standing committee, in townships where committeemen had been voted for, delegates should report such names. All went pleasantly until Mt. Pleasant was reached when an effort was made to shut out J. J. Crawford who had been voted for, by offering the name of Jacob Fisher. Angry words were used and we feared the convention would wind up in an open fight. C. M. Cook of Orange arose to take part in the discussion when he was called to his seat as not being a delegate. He stated that he was directly interested, when by a resolution he was allowed to speak. This became another thorn in the convention. He made a personal attack upon the delegates of Orange, charging them with ignoring the wishes of the voters of Orange, as he had been voted upon as a committeeman, and the delegate of the township, the nominee for Prothonotary, was a bolter and not a straight republican, and he had named another. After quiet was again restored a resolution was made by Dr. L. B. Kline which placed both J. J. Crawford and C. M. Cook as members of standing committee. Convention then adjourned after which the members of standing committee met and elected C. E. Geyer, of Catawissa, Chairman.

Ask Your Friends About It.

Your distressing cough can be cured. We know it because Kemp's Balsam within the past few years has cured so many coughs and colds in this community. Its remarkable sale has been won entirely by its genuine merit. Ask some friend who has used it what he thinks of Kemp's Balsam. There is no medicine so pure, none so effective. Large bottles 50c and $1 at druggi

The Cyclone Stricken District.

After a few days of a new and strange experience caused by the phenomenal storm visitation, a survey of its track reveals an awful condition. It left its mark and stamped its impression on every inch of ground over which it sped. The harbinger of destruction came without warning, surprising the people, as this stranger was not expected in such mountainous and broken localities. The beautiful groves, shade trees and shrubbery will bear testimony of its presence for years to come. The stricken people will chafe from the effects of its merciless hand during the remainder of their lives. A fear of its repetition will give anxious forebodings to every one in the land when storm clouds lower with threatening aspect, for the question of cyclones in its worst forms, in localities like ours is now settled once for all. The wrecked buildings, barns and houses, afford no protection to gathered crops, or stock unsheltered, household furniture, clothing or other goods where repairs have not yet been made. The work of rebuilding and repairing has been of slow progress on account of continuous rain. All along the line we saw steam and horse power threshers engaged in threshing out the gathered crops to save them from ruin among the wrecks. Many farmers and other classes are unable to replace their losses and help from the state should be invoked and secured. This unfortunate calamity in our stricken community is not a self imposed one that might have been averted, but it is the result of the power of the turbulent elements pouring their fury upon the earth regardless of vegitation, animation, condition or locality, wealth or poverty, or any other attribute that may enter the social or political relation of mankind. It is impossible to describe the situation, want, suffering and inconveniences that have been so suddenly thrust upon many well-to-do, able and perhaps heretofore some independent people who were almost instantly reduced to poverty. The situation is grave and worthy the consideration of a generous and sympathetic public. The losses vary in number quality and kind. Every description of property is destroyed, from the ornamental tree to the factory and palace. From the orchard of all manner of fruits to the house and barn with all appertaining thereto. There is also a romantic side to this terrible disaster. It is related of one old man near Register, who refused to take shelter in the cellar with other members of the family, that when the cyclone struck his house, it was carried bodily from its foundation, leaving a wreck from all external appearances, his hat was swept to the winds with other wrecks, and reaching for it, remarked that his hat, or head was gone he didn't know which. It is said of another, near the same place, who was carried a distance and somewhat injured, from a demolished building, remarked afterwards that, "this was the worstest storm that I ever seed." And that is the size of it. It was the worst storm ever seen in this county. At Harveyville we saw a barn in which fifty people and a team took shelter, which was wholly demolished and only one person was killed without much injury to the team or any other person. One old lady among the debris, called out: "how many are killed?" She heard a reply, "no one', they guessed. She called again, "is anybody hurt?" The answer came, "no one" they guessed. The rescue of all those people save one from the ruins is a marvelous circumstance. We might cite scores of similar experience.

J.

HOMESEEKER'S EXCURSION.

ONLY THREE MORE OF THEM WILL LEAVE CHICAGO AND MILWAUKEE VIA. THE CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY.

For points in Northern Iowa, Minnesota, South and North Dakota, (including the Sioux Indian Reservation in South Dakota) Colorado, Kansas and Nebraska, on September 9 and 23, and October 14, 1890. Half rate excursion tickets good for thirty days from date of sale.

For further information, circulars showrates of fare, maps, etc., address, George H. Heafford, First Assistant General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ills., or John R. Pott, Travelling Passenger Agent, Williamsport, Pa. 8-1-11t.

Light Street Notes.

At Mrs. Dr. J. J. Leiser's Saturday evening party the following places were represented: New York City, Brooklyn, Cleveland, Ohio, Newlin, Briston, Tennessee, Lewisburg, Philadelphia, Shamokin, Bloomsburg and Light Street.

Prof. B. R. Johnson, Supt. of Union county, visited J. S. Grimes Friday and Saturday, Aug. 22 and 23.

Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Croup, Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Howell, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Fritz, B. A. White, Miss Maggie M. Grimes, C. R Johnston and Rev. Whitney are attending the Patterson Grove camp meeting.

Miss Clara Eut is visiting friends at Nanticoke.

Our Hannah Jane.

Our Hannah Jane was thin and weak,
And sahy white her lip and cheek,
We often thought—and thought with pain
"We soon must lose our Hannah Jane."
With change of doctors, change of air,
She sought for healing everywhere.
And, when our hopes were almost past,
"Favorite Prescription" tried at last.
It gave us joy, it gave us hope,
She ceased to pine, she ceased to mope,
[Pierce's remedies are sure and true]
Now Hannah Jane is good as new.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the only medicine for women, sold by druggists, *under a positive guarantee*, from the manufacturers, that it will give satisfaction in every case, or money will be refunded. This guarantee has been printed on the bottle-wrapper, and faithfully carried out for many years.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets—cleanse and regulate the stomach, bowels and system generally. One a dose; purely vegetable.

What is the use.

Of buying worthless medicines, and spending money on quack doctors whose only idea is to gull the public. Is it not better to buy reliable medicine like Sulphur Bitters? I think so, as they cured me of Catarrh after suffering three years.—*F. P. Clark, Manchester.* 8-15-3t.

Harvey's Lake.

Harvey's Lake is situated about fifteen miles northwest of Wilkes-Barre, and is the finest lake in the State. It is about fifteen miles in circumference, the water is deep and abounds with fish. There are good hotel accommodations and many individual cottages. The cars run direct to the lake and excursion trains are left at the lake for the use of the excursionists. A rare opportunity is offered to see this beautiful summer resort by the K. G. E. Excursion this Friday (Aug. 29). Train will leave at 7:30 a. m., arriving about 10 o'clock. This will give seven hours for enjoyment about the lake.

MEETING OF SCHOOL BOARD.

There was a meeting of the board of directors of Bloomsburg School District last Saturday evening at which time the teachers were present and signed their agreements. They were also consulted as to the matter of adopting new text books.

Bids were received for placing iron railings around walls of the school grounds. Contract awarded to Eshleman & Wolf for $196.54.

Orders were directed to be drawn as follows: P. G. Miller, coal, $226 22, P. G. Miller, stone, $14.30. For labor, as follows: A. W. Fry $13.76, M. S. Williams, $8.12, Frank Taylor, $15.75, J. H. Kesty, $12.00, G. B. Kitchen, $7.50, J. Traub, $3.75.

Committe on buildings and grounds were instructed to have hydrant repaired at Third street, and pump at Fifth street.

Committe on text books recommended the adoption of Swinton's Readers for Barnes'; also Swinton's Word Book of English Spelling, and Spencerian Writing books, upon guarantee of an even exchange of a new book for the old one.

Board adopted Brook's Mental Arithmetic for the grammar and high school departments.

Adjourned to October 3d.

A Spring Medicine.

The druggists claim that people call daily for the new cure for constipation and sick-headache, discovered by Dr. Silas Lane while in the Rocky Mountains. It is said to be Oregon grape root (a great remedy in the far west for those complaints) combined with simple herbs, and is made for use by pouring on boiling water to draw out the strength. It sells at 50 cents a package and is called Lane's Family Medicine.

Espy Items.

Mr. Rutter Kressler of Espy, and Miss Blanche Creasy of Virginia, were married Saturday afternoon by Rev, A. R. Glaze.

Work at the boatyard is continued on one-half time. Some of the workmen work one week and the remaining half the next week.

The parties prospecting for zinc and lead are now sinking a new shaft on the Jesse Hoffman farm.

David Geisinger is now delivering the melons raised on the island. He has a fine lot of melons.

David Hughes who is working at Olymphant came home to vote last Saturday but failed. However, he did not fail at the ex-Commissioner's.

Wm. Krickbaum of Bloomsburg was up last Saturday helping to organize the election board for the republicans. His republican friends at Afton always help him at the democratic delegate election, and he no doubt wanted to return the compliment at this time.

There was more drunkenness at the republican delegate election last Saturday than has been seen in Espy for a long time. Some of the disputes were settled after the polls closed by a fist fight with the judge of election.

OCCASIONAL.

Grandmother Says.

When she was a girl that her mother always gave her sulphur and molasses to purify her blood, but she now gives Sulphur Bitters to her grandchildren, as it is the best medicine she ever saw.—*The Father.* 8-29-2t.

Berwick Gun Club.

There will be a Blue-Rock Tournament on Friday, September 5th, 1890, beginning at 9 o'clock sharp, on the grounds of the Fair Association, at Berwick, Penna., during the session of the Fair; to continue four hours. All matches from three traps. Entrance from 75 cents to $1.00; four moneys. American Association Rules.

The Secretary of the Club will furnish shooters with admission tickets, at his office, on the morning of the shoot.

The Cross Keys Hotel, J. C. McMichael, Proprietor, will entertain the visiting sportsmen.

"Why, now I cannot get enough to eat," says one lady who formerly had no appetite, but took Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Sunday Schools and the Census.

It having been decided to include returns of Sunday Schools in the statistics of religious bodies for the Eleventh Census, the Census office is especially desirous that those returns should be complete and trustworthy. To this end the co-operation of officers of Sunday Schools is earnestly requested. The statistical secretary of the Columbia County Sunday School Association—A. W. Spear—is collecting the statistics of this county, and will mail blanks to the superintendents this week, and it is hoped that these will be filled out and returned promptly.

Removing a Cinder From the Eye.

The proper way to get a cinder out of the eye, is to draw the upper lid down over the lower, utilizing the lashes of the lower as a broom, that it may sweep the surface of the former and thus get rid of the intruder. Or, gently drawing the lid away from the globe, pass a clean camel's-brush—or fold of a soft silk handkerchief two or three times between them. This procedure will, in nearly all cases, suffice; when it does not, the services of a physician are necessary. It is a remarkable fact that a very minute body will give rise to intense pain, and even after it has been extracted, the sensation remains for an hour or more. After the intruder is out, gently bathe the lids every fifteen minutes in iced-water till the feeling subsides.—*Ladies' Home Journal.*

Matrimonial.

On last Saturday at 1:30 p. m., at the home of Mr. Stephen Petitt, Espy, Mr. R. C. Creveling of the same place, and Miss Blanch Creasy of Virginia, were joined together in the holy state of matrimony, by the Rev. A. R. Glaze. This promising young couple have gone to spend several days with their friends. It is hoped that their quiet wedding was but a token of the quiet and peacable life that they shall together enjoy. They have the best wishes of their many friends for a prosperous and happy voyage on the sea of life.

Sufferers from indigestion, loss of appetite, liver or kidney complaints, rheumatism or neuralgia, would do well to give Ayer's Sarsaparilla a trial. For all such disorders, no medicine is so effective as this, when faithfully and perseveringly used.

There will be a sale at auction on the third floor of the COLUMBIAN building on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The stock consists of clothes, collars, cuffs, neckwear tailors trimming, sewing machine and many other articles.

The following letters are held at Bloomsburg, Pa. post office and will be sent to the dead letter office Sept, 9, 1890.

Mr. W. P. Bacon, Miss Hattie Hunt, R. Y. McKelvy, Mr. Jacob Mellick, Rev. W. E. Roney, Geo. W. Shermer.

Persons calling for these letters please say, they were advertised Aug 26, 1890.

One cent will be charged on each letter advertised.

A. B. CATHCART, P. M.

Horse for Sale.

A good young mare, between 3 and 4 years old, well broke, price reasonable.

WHITE & CONNER,
8-8-4t. Orangeville, Pa.

Drunkenness—Liquor Habit—In all the World there is but one cure Dr. Haines' Golden Specific

It can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been cured who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day believe they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effect results from its administration Cures guaranteed. Send for circular and full particulars. Address in confidence GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race Street, Cincinnati, O.—10-25-1y

FOR SALE.—Two fresh cows, one a blooded Guernsey the other Ayrshire and Jersey. Inquire of

THOS. GORRY,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

Pensions! Veterans!!

The Disability Pension Bill.

Act of June 27, 1890 grants pensions to all ex-soldiers and sailors who served 90 days or more in the Army or Navy during the rebellion, and were honorably discharged, and who are now suffering from any permanent, mental or physical disability contracted since the war or during the war whether from disease, injuries or effects of old age, at the rate of from $6 to $12 per month, according to the degree of his disability for the performance of labor requiring the exertion of physical strength; provided the disability is not due to vicious habits. This pension is not restricted to the veterans who have to make their living by hard labor, but is equally due to professional men or clerks, provided they have an existing disability which would prevent the continuous exercise of the physical strength of an able-bodied man.

Those who have applied under the general laws and who are unable to prove up the pending claim can apply for and secure this pension and then continue the prosecution of the former claim and secure their arrears.

If you are now drawing a small pension, say $2 or $4 per month, you can take this pension instead, and if you have an application on file for increase or additional pension for new disabilities you can continue the prosecution of such claims while drawing the new pension, or you can file an original claim for a disability contracted in the service while draw

The Nomination Accepted.

PATTISON'S LETTER TO THE COMMITTEE OF THE CONVNTION.

Mr Pattison sent to the committee appointed by the democratic state convention to inform him of his nomination for the governorship the following letter of acceptance.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 22, 1890—*Gentlemen*: I have received your letter conveying the formal notice of my nomination by the democratic state convention for the office of governer. The custom which calls for such interchange of correspondence has lost much of its significance by reason of the changed conditions and usages surrounding conventions of political parties at the present day. Having appeared in person before the body whose committee you are, and accepted its nomination, I took occassion to point out what in my view was the all-pervading issue in the campaign then inaugurated. An extended letter of acceptance would, therefore, be little more than a reiteration of what was then expressed. It is questionable moreover, whether anything can be now said that would give greater clearness and emphasis to the thought dominating the contest between the two parties in Pennsylvania.

The platforms of the respective conventions, the controlling influences by which their deliberations and action were shaped, and that exhaustive discussion of the proceedings and the candidates by the newspaper press of the entire country, unmistakably show that not only is the issue of the campaign irrevocably made up, but that it is clearly comprehended and will be directly met and decided by the people at the polls. In this connection I may venture the suggestion that we should not permit the contest to be divided from its legitimate and true lines. All attempts to import issues from the field of national politics will be but an effort by those now on trial in Pennsylvania to detract public attention from themselves and their seconds to more remote subjects of party controversy.

Self-government—home rule—is now on trial in this commonwealth. On the one side stand the people with their constitution and general interests on the other stands a selfish and arrogant political leadership, self-constituted and defiant, and resolved to use the offices and treasure of the people as personal spoil. Between these must the voters choose. Confident that the democratic party, its principles and candidates, represent the right and side of the controversy, I just have no doubt of the popular verdict. We offer deeds, not vacant words, as the guarantee of our fidelity. With the assurance of my profound appreciation of the honor conferred by the democracy in choosing me as their candidate, I am respectfully yours,

ROBERT E. PATTISON.

To Hons. W. H. Sowden, Charles Brodhead, Pearson Church, P. Foley and George Ross.

Recommends S. S. S. as a Spring Tonic.

I take pleasure in recommending Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) as a Blood Purifier, and general tonic. It has no equal for toning up the system, purifying the blood, and bracing up the flagging energies in the spring. Three bottles of this wonderful medicine made a new man of me.

JOHN L. HUFF, Girard, Ill.

SCROFULA CURED.

Mr. S. I. BROOKS, of Monticello, Ga., writes: "When the best physicians failed to cure a case of Scrofula of two years' standing, a few bottles of Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) did the work. Therefore I do not hesitate to pronounce S. S. S. the best blood purifier in the land. I cheerfully recommend it to all who are suffering from impure blood.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

MARTIN, THE LION TAMER.

RECOGNIZED BY BEASTS AFTER A FIVE YEAR'S ABSENCE.

When the celebrated animal tamer, who died lately, had retired to private life, one day he took a notion that he would visit his former large menagerie, which he had not seen for five years. It was in Brussls, and he started for that city from his country seat near Rotterdam. At 4 o'clock, the time for feeding, he entered the menagerie. Being winter time, Martin was wrapped in a cloak. He mingled with the crowd and waited until the animals would receive their food, for which they were waiting with wild impatience. While they were eating he began to cough. Suddenly the animals paused in their treat and listened, then broke into wild howls of joy and tore at the iron bars so that many of the timid visitors fled from the menagerie. The parrots, kangaroos, pelicans, and monkeys, began to screech and scream, the byena and wolves howled—in short, it was a perfect bedlam.

Then Martin stepped forward. With a movement of his hand and with his powerful voice he commanded silence, and suddenly everything was quiet. He swung himself over the bar which separated the visitors from the animals, and put his hand in cages to fondle the animals. A mighty tigress showed more joy than any of the others. When Martin's hand glided over her magnificent fur her limbs trembled nervously, she uttered weak tender grunts, and through the iron bars, with her rough tongue, she licked the face of her former master. When he went away she lay down without eating any more food.

There was a lion named Nero who had once bitten Martin in the hip and had been severely punished by him for it. The lion had an unreconcilable hatred for the animal tamer. Nero made no other motion at Martin's approach than lift his head and eye him intently. He remained in his place, lying still in the back of his cage, when Martin came near. Martin spoke to him. He did not answer, but viewed Martin with apparent indifference. But when Martin was going away the lion, with a mighty spring, entirely unexpected, threw himself against the grating, pushed his paws through the iron bars, and with his claws tore off a part of Martin's cloak. By a quick movement Martin escaped another injury from this animal.

What Does it Mean?

"100 Doses One Dollar" means simply that Hood's Sarsaparilla is the most economical medicine to buy, because it gives more for the money than any other preparation. Each bottle contains 100 doses and will average to last a month, while other preparations taken according to directions, are gone in a week. Therefore, be sure to get Hood's Sarsaparilla, the best blood purifier.

Silk blouses are worn all summer. They are light and cool. Black silk blouses are worn with half mourning.

JENKS' DREAM.

Jenks had a queer dream the other night. He thought he saw a prize-fighters' ring, and in the middle of it stood a doughty little champion who met and deliberately knocked over, one by one, a score or more of big, burly-looking fellows, as they advanced to the attack. Giants as they were in size, the valiant pigmy proved more than a match for them. It was all so funny that Jenks woke up laughing. He accounts for the dream by the fact that he had just come to the conclusion, after trying nearly every big, drastic pill on the market, that Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets, or tiny Sugar-coated Granules, easily "knock out" and beat all the big pills hollow. They are the original and only genuine Little Liver Pills.

Beware of Imitations, which contain Poisonous Minerals. Always ask for Dr. Pierce's Pellets, which are Little Sugar-coated Pills, or Anti-bilious Granules. **One a Dose.**

SICK HEADACHE,

Bilious Headache, Dizziness, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the stomach and bowels, are promptly relieved and permanently cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets. They are gently laxative, or strongly cathartic, according to size of dose. Smallest, Cheapest, Easiest to take. 25 cents a vial, by druggists.

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Many have gained one pound per day by its use.

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THE MERCHANT TAILOR.

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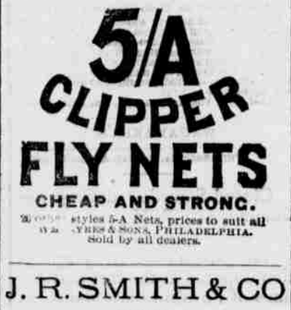
WIDE-AWAKE TRADESMEN



have learned by experience that the only waterproof coat they can sell to a cowboy or hunter is the Pommel Slicker with the "Fish Brand" Trade Mark on it. They are the best waterproof saddle coats ever made. They keep the saddle, the horse's back, and the rider thoroughly dry and warm. No saddle sores from the galling of a wet saddle. When used as a walking coat, the extension front buttons back, and the Slicker is changed at once to an ordinary coat. Just try one, they cost but little and will prevent colds, fevers, rheumatism, and other results to exposure to the weather. Beware of worthless imitations, every garment stamped with "Fish Brand" Trade Mark. Don't accept any inferior coat when you can have the "Fish Brand Slicker" delivered without extra cost. Particulars and illustrated catalogue free.

A. J. TOWER, - Boston, Mass.

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ARCHITECTS,

OSTERHOUT BUILDING, Wilkesbarre, Pa.

Branch Office, Bloomsburg, Pa., with JNO. M. CLARK, Att'y. & Counsellor.

1-21-17.

"Guess I'll go home and try this, and see if I can't

25c. for Pik-Ron, which

Furnish of the same time.

PIK-RON

TRY IT.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, Philadelphia.

A One Eyed Aeronaut in Europe.

It is possible that some of your readers have heard of, if they have not seen, Professor Bartholomew, the aeronant. He is quite a character; gangling, awkward, rural, but fearless as a lion and as sharp as a tack, he hails from Burr Oak, Mich. Bartholomew accompanied the baseball aggregation on its tour around the world, and here and there he gave balloon ascensions that excited even more curiosity than did the performances of the exponents of our national game. Bartholomew has the misfortune to be a one eyed man, but the misfortune does not occasion him much remorse; it would be hard to find a more cheerful person than he. In Rome he came up to Mr. Lynch, the manager of the excursion party, and said: "Leigh, could you lend me $30?"

"Why, I suppose so," said Lynch.

"Well, I wish you could," said Bartholomew. "It would be a great accommodation. Glass eyes are so darned cheap here that it seems as if I ought to stock up on them!"

Bartholomew bought $30 worth of glass eyes and he carried them around with him in a baize bag; there were about a peck of them, and they rattled like so many marbles. They were not all the same color, but Bartholomew didn't mind a small matter of that kind. He was too much of a humorist to stickle at a detail of that character. He said that when he wore a blue eye he resembled his father's side of the family; a black evey made him took more like his mother's folk.

One day Bartholomew was riding in a hansom cab in London; the horse acted badly and the driver lashed the brute fiercely. Whoever has ridden in a hansom cab knows how awkward it is to have the long lash of the driver's whip dangling in one's eyes. Several times Bartholomew ordered the driver to be more careful in the use of his whip. Reaching his destination, Bartholomew quietly took out his glass eye, stepped out of the cab upon the sidewalk, and holding out the eye in his open hand he said sternly to the cabman: "I warned you repeatedly, yet see what you have done! Wait here now, sir, until I have summoned a policeman."

To the befuddled cabman there was an awful reality in all this. He did not wait for any further parley—oh, no, not he. Lashing his horse into a gallop he made off as fast as ever he could, the worst scared cabby in all the United Kingdom! By this quiet ebullition of humor the pilgrim from Burr Oak evaded payment of a five shilling fare and achieved deserved fame for having got the better of a London cab driver.—Eugene Field's Letter in Chicago Times.

Polly and the Minister.

Sister Robbins lay upon her sick bed watching the clock, the slant of the sunbeams and occasionally talking to her Polly—a wise looking gray parrot with glittering eyes and brilliant scarlet tail. It would be better, perhaps, to say that she replied to Polly, for the parrot was by far the most talkative.

There came a rap at the door of the room. "Whoa!" said Polly. "Come in," said Sister Robbins.

The visitor entered and proved to be the Methodist minister. Polly crept up to Mrs. Robbins and cuddled close up to the lady's neck, laying her gray pate close beside her mistress' cheek. After some conversation the minister proposed to Sister Robbins that they have "a season of prayer," and accordingly knelt by her bedside and with closed eyes and devout voice began to pray.

Polly's eyes glittered more than ever. She crept unnoticed from her place of refuge and with slow lifted claws and noiseless step over the white counterpane went close to the unconscious minister. She scanned him meditatively, and then when her head was so near his that you would have thought his ear was in danger of being snipped off, she suddenly cried out in the clearest tones: "What in the world are you doing?"

Sister Robbins finds it hard to convince the minister that they have family prayers. He says Polly's evidence is against her.—Wide Awake.

Broken Hearted.

The sorrows of childhood are real enough while they last. Happily, however, they are not only brief, but often so much on the surface that even the sufferer hardly knows what they are about.

A small girl ran to her mother the other day, sobbing as if her heart would break, and burying her head in her lap cried out that she would never, never play with her sister Emeline again.

"Why, my child, what has Emeline done?" the mother asked.

"Oh, mamma, she has said something that has just broken my heart," the child declared, sobbing yet more violently.

"What was it?"

The child paused a moment in the midst of her wild weeping as if trying to think; then her tears burst forth afresh.

"Oh, mamma," she cried, "I can't remember what it was, but it was so cruel that she has broken my heart."—Youth's Companion.

A Successful American Artist.

Hubert Herkomer, the lately elected Royal Academician, whose picture the "Last Muster" has made him famous, was at one time an "Ohio boy," although born in Bavaria. His parents brought him to Ohio when he was 2 years old, but they were not successful there and returned later to England. There he was naturalized and went to Munich. From Munich he returned again to England, where he began to make comic cartoons. He was employed for a time on The London Graphic. His father was a wood carver and his mother a music teacher. —New York World.

They Have to Come Down.

There are no less than thirty different religious castes in India, and when the railroads were first established no two castes would ride in the same coach. The natives found it inconvenient, however, and now all sorts of castes mix up for a journey, but offset it at the end by calling each other dogs and infidels.—Detroit Free Press.

Detroit **SURE GRIP Steel tackle Block**

HALF THE COST of hoisting saved to Storekeepers, Butchers, Farmers, Machinists, Builders, Contractors and Others. Admitted to be the greatest improvements EVER made in tackle blocks. Freight prepaid. Write for catalogue.

Fulton Iron & Engine Works, Estab. 1862, 10 Brush St., Detroit, Mich. 5-4-17.

MINING TERMS.

A "chute" is an inclined channel through which ore slides.

Gold or silver combined with quicksilver is called "amalgam."

Precious metals contained in lead are termed "base bullion."

An ore of zinc, consisting of zinc and sulphur, is termed a "blende."

"Diluvium" is a deposit of superficial sand, loam, gravel, pebbles, etc.

"Breasting ore" is taking the ore from the face, breast or end of a tunnel.

A "cord of ore" is 128 cubic feet of broken ore; about seven tons in quartz rock.

A level, a horizontal drift or passage from the surface into a mine is called an "adit."

A mass of rock matter occurring in or between the branches of a vein is termed a "horse."

A timber or plank lining of a shaft, the confining of a wall rock, is called the "cribbing."

Bars set in a flume to strain out the large stones used in hydraulic mining are termed "grizzly."

A fissure or crack in the earth's crust filled with mineral matter is called a "fissure vein."

A "barren contract" is a contract vein, or a place in the contract vein, which has no mineral.

A "contact vein" is a vein along the contact plane of or between two dissimilar rock masses.

The pile of ore or debris taken from mines, or tailings from sluicing is called the "dump."

The slope, pitch or angle which a vein makes with the plane of the horizon is called a "dip."

The rock that appears on the surface indicating the presence of a lode is called the "chopping."

Loose rock or isolated masses of ore, or ore detached from the original formation, is called a "float."

The rock on either side of a lode or ledge usually barren, or the permanent rock inclosing a vein, is termed the "country rock."

FRUIT AND VEGETABLE ACIDS.

The acid of the grape arises from a mixture of malic and tartaric acids.

The acid of the mango arises from citric acid and a very fugitive essential oil.

The horse radish derives its flavor and blistering power from a volatile acrid oil.

The acid of the tamarind arises from a mixture of citric, malic and tartaric acids.

The acid of the cherry, plum, apple and pear arises from the malic acid in their pulp.

The flavor of asparagus arises from aspartic acid, found also in the root of the marsh mallow.

The grateful acid of the rhubarb leaf arises from the malic acid and bin-oxalate potash which it contains.

The acid of gooseberries and currants, black, red and white, arises from a mixture of malic and citric acids.

The acidity of the lemon, orange and other species of the genus Citrus is caused by the abundance of citric acid their juice contains.

Beet root owes its nutritious quality to about 9 per cent. of sugar which it contains, and its flavor to a peculiar substance containing nitrogen mixed with pectic acid.

The acid of the cucumber arises from a peculiar poisonous ingredient called fungin, which is found in all fungi, and is the cause of the cucumber being offensive to some stomachs.

Garlic and the rest of the onion family derive their peculiar odor from a yellowish, volatile, acrid oil, but they are nutritious from containing nearly half their weight of gummy and glutinous substances not yet clearly define.—George W. Johnson in The Chemistry of the World.

THE LATEST IN SILVERWARE.

Silver clasps are made to hold up men's shirt sleeves.

Fine combs for babies are mounted on silver handles.

A silver whip with a long knotted lash is used as a belt pin.

Standards for five o'clock tea kettles are made of oxydized silver alloys.

Silver hair pins are much worn, the favorite forms being knotted and looped at the head.

Black enamel match boxes with tiny ornaments showing in the silver beneath are new and pretty.

Tea services in the favorite spiral forms with no other ornamentation hold the favor of the moment.

Cups in silver gilt, imitating sheaves of wheat, come in sets of two with spoons to match as bridal presents.

Superb pistols have the holsters of smoked ivory carved in Moorish forms and silver damascened mounts.

A pretty fashion for a round table mirror is to leave interstices, through which a colored ribbon of the hue that suits the complexion best may be passed.

Boxes of fancy woods for cigars are mounted in silver, which at the corners is carried into graceful garlands. Toilet boxes are ornamented in the same manner.

A silver lamp which is new has the standard like that of a candlestick, and supports a cut glass bowl. This holds the lamp which above has a dainty silk shade.

Rests for carvers are gotten up in fanciful designs; one has the bar on the backs of two tortoises; another carries it between stags' horns, a third shows it held in the mouths of two dogs.—Jewelers' Circular.

HINTS TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

The surest way to have clear jelly is to let the juice drain through a flannel bag, without squeezing it.

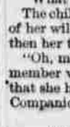
After taking cake from the oven let it remain in the pan about five minutes; it will then come out easily without breaking.

Keep a little beeswax tied up in a cloth to rub your flatirons with, and you will find that even a white shirt to be done up will soon become a pleasant work.

The best whitewash for a cellar is made of lime and water only. The addition of other things hinders the purpose of keeping the cellar pure and healthful.

If one wishes to cool a hot dish in a hurry it will be found that if the dish be placed in a vessel full of cold, salty water, it will cool far more rapidly than if stood in water free from salt.

To remove fruit stains from linen rub the part on each side with yellow soap; then tie up a piece of soda in the cloth and soak well in hot water; afterwards expose the stained part to the sun and air until removed.



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ARE YOU CONSUMPTIVE

Use Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cures the worst Cough, Weak Lungs, Difficult Indigestion, Pain. Take in time. 50 cts.

HINDERCORNS. The only sure cure for Corns. Stops all pain. 15c. at Druggists, or HISCOX & CO., N. Y.

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BEST IN THE WORLD.

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STEAM ENGINES, HAY PRESSES, SHINGLE MILLS, &c

PORTABLE GRIST MILLS.

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GET THE COLUMBIAN,

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THE GREAT German Remedy.

TRUTHS FOR THE SICK.

For those deathly Bilious Spells depend on SULPHUR BITTERS it will cure you.

$1,000 will be paid for a case where SULPHUR BITTERS will not assist or cure. It never fails.

Do you suffer with that tired and allgone feeling. If so, use SULPHUR BITTERS it will cure you.

Cleanse the vitiated blood when you see its impurities burst-ing through the skin in Pimples, Blotches, and Sores. Rely on SULPHUR BITTERS, and health will follow.

Operatives who are closely confined in the mills and workshops; clerks, who do not procure sufficient exercise, and all who are confined in doors, should use SULPHUR BITTERS. They will not then be weak and sickly.

SULPHUR BITTERS will cure Liver Complaint. Don't be discouraged; it will cure you.

If you do not wish to suffer from Rheumatism, use a bottle of SULPHUR BITTERS it never fails to cure.

SULPHUR BITTERS will build you up and make you strong and healthy.

Don't be without a bottle. Try it; you will not regret it.

SULPHUR BITTERS will make your blood pure, rich and strong, and your flesh hard.

Ladies in delicate health, who are all run down, should use SULPHUR BITTERS.

Try SULPHUR BITTERS to-night, and you will sleep well and feel better for it.

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Tutt's Pills

FOR TORPID LIVER.

A torpid liver deranges the whole system, and produces

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There is no better remedy for these common diseases than Tutt's Liver Pills, as a trial will prove. Price, 25c.

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PHILADELPHIA, PA. Use at once, no operation or loss of time from business. Cases pronounced incurable by others handled. Send for Circular. CURE GUARANTEED. Advice Free. Office Hours 9 to 3.

Aug 16 '89 1y.

A VOICE from Ohio. Here is a portrait of Mr. Gartside, of Salem, Ohio. He writes: "Was at work on a farm for $30 per month; now have an agency for E. C. Allen & Co.'s silicone and publications and often make $20 a day." (Signed) W. H. GARSIDE.

William Kline, Harrisburg, Pa., writes: "I have never known anything to sell like your albums. Yesterday I took orders enough to pay me over $25." W. J. Kimmers, Bangor, Me., writes: "I take an order for your albums at almost every house I visit. My profit is often as much as $20 for a single day's work. Others are doing quite well; we have not space to give extracts from their letters. We see that one who takes hold of this grand business gains big grand profits.

Shall we start YOU in this business, reader? Write to us and learn all about it for yourself. We are starting many; we will start you if you don't delay until somebody gets ahead of you in your part of the country. If you take hold you will be able to pick up gold fast. Send for Illustrated Catalogue and Extraordinary sale **125,000 ten dollar Photograph Albums** are to be sold to the people for $2 each. Bound in Royal Crimson Silk Velvet Plush, charmingly decorated insides. Handsomest albums in the world. Largest size. Greatest bargains ever known. Agents wanted. Liberal terms. Big money for agents. Any one can become a successful agent. Sells itself on sight—little or no talking necessary. Wherever shown, every one wants to purchase. Agents take thousands of orders with rapidity never before known. Great profits await every worker. Agents are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men. Youths can do as well as any one. Full information and terms free, to those who write for same, with particulars and terms for our Family Bibles, Books and Periodicals. After you know all, should you conclude to go no further, why no harm is done.

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Horses, Cattle, Sheep & Hogs.

Excels any remedy for the rapid cure of Hard Colds, Coughs, Hide Bound, Yellow Water, Fever, Distemper, Sore and Weak Eyes, Lung Fever, Costiveness, Blotches, and all difficulties arising from impurities of the Blood. Will relieve Heaves at once. *Manufactured by the* JOPPA MANUFACTURING CO., LYONS, N. Y. FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.

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25c. HIRES' IMPROVED 25c.

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The most APPETIZING and WHOLESOME TEMPERANCE DRINK in the world. Delicious and Sparkling. TRY IT

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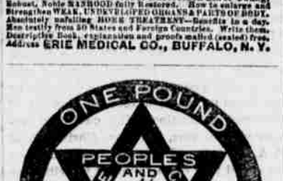

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These roofs are guaranteed to be far superior to any other roof, as they are both storm and wind proof.

Sheet iron roofs of this manufacture can be put up as cheap as tin, and last much longer.

Roofs are made of sheet iron, tin, or copper, as parties may desire.

Orders may be secured through B. F. Savits, Bloomsburg, Pa., who will put on the roofs and guarantee the work, or may be ordered direct from the

National Sheet Metal Roofing Co.

510-520 East 20th Street, N. Y.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

STATIONS.	NORTH. P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.
NORTHUMBERLAND	5 40	1 50	10 00	6 15
Cameron	5 55	....	10 15	6 30
Chulasky	....	....	10 19	....
Danville	6 08	2 11	10 26	6 41
Catawissa	6 25	....	10 43	6 59
Rupert	6 30	2 30	10 50	7 05
Bloomsburg	6 36	2 35	10 57	7 12
Espy	6 42	2 41	11 05	7 20
Lime Ridge	6 50	....	11 12	7 27
Willow Grove	6 54	....	11 16	7 31
Briarcreek	6 58	....	11 20	7 35
Berwick	7 05	2 59	11 27	7 42
Beach Haven	7 11	....	11 34	7 49
Hick's Ferry	7 18	....	11 38	7 55
Shickshinny	7 30	3 20	11 48	8 06
Hunlock's	7 43	....	11 58	8 17
Nanticoke	7 50	3 36	12 06	8 24
Avondale	7 54	....	12 10	8 28
Plymouth	7 59	3 45	12 15	8 33
Plymouth Junction	8 01	....	12 20	8 35
Kingston	8 08	3 53	12 27	8 45
Bennett	8 12	....	12 31	8 49
Maltby	8 17	....	12 35	8 53
Wyoming	8 24	4 09	12 40	8 58
West Pittston	8 27	4 06	12 43	9 01
Pittston	8 33	4 11	12 53	9 09
Lackawanna	8 40	.....	1 01	9 17
Taylorville	8 48	.....	1 09	9 25
Bellevue	8 54	.....	1 18	9 30
SCRANTON	9 00	4 28	1 20	9 35
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

STATIONS.	SOUTH. A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
SCRANTON	6 10	9 50	1 13	6 20
Bellevue	6 18	9 55	....	6 28
Taylorville	6 20	10 00	2 02	6 30
Lackawanna	6 25	10 08	2 10	6 37
Pittston	6 38	10 16	2 18	6 45
West Pittston	6 42	10 22	2 24	6 50
Wyoming	6 47	10 27	2 29	6 55
Maltby	6 51	10 30	....	6 59
Bennett	6 55	10 34	2 37	7 03
Kingston	6 58	10 38	2 40	7 07
Plymouth Junction	7 06	10 42	2 45	7 12
Plymouth	7 10	10 47	2 50	7 16
Avondale	7 14	10 51	2 55	7 21
Nanticoke	7 19	10 55	2 59	7 25
Hunlock's	7 26	11 02	3 06	7 33
Shickshinny	7 37	11 12	3 20	7 53
Hick's Ferry	7 55	11 23	3 31	8 07
Beach Haven	8 01	11 34	3 40	8 13
Berwick	8 07	11 40	3 47	8 20
Briar Creek	8 13	....	3 53	8 27
Willow Grove	8 16	11 50	3 57	8 31
Lime Ridge	8 20	11 54	4 02	8 35
Espy	8 26	12 01	4 09	8 41
Bloomsburg	8 32	12 06	4 15	8 47
Rupert	8 37	12 12	4 22	8 52
Catawissa	8 42	12 17	4 28	8 57
Danville	8 57	12 32	4 46	9 15
Chulasky	....	....	4 54	....
Cameron	9 07	12 41	5 00	9 28
NORTHUMBERLAND	9 22	12 55	5 15	9 45
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

Connections at Rupert with Philadelphia & Reading Railroad for Tamanend, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Sunbury, Pottsville, etc. At Northumberland with P. & E. Div. P. R. R. for Harrisburg, Lock Haven, Emporium, Warren, Corry, and Erie.

W. F. HALSTEAD, Gen. Man., Scranton, Pa.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division, and Northern Central Railway.

TIME TABLE.

In effect MAY 11, 1890. Trains leave Sunbury

EASTWAR

9.40 a. m., Sea Shore Express (daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 3.15 p. m.; New York 4.50 p. m.; Baltimore, 3.10 p. m.; Washington 5.55 p. m., connecting at Philadelphia for all Sea shore points. Through passenger coach to Philadelphia, Baltimore.

1.35 p. m.—Day Express (daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.50 p. m.; New York, 6.35 p. m.; Baltimore 4.45 p. m.; Washington, 5.15 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia and passenger coaches through to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.00 p. m.—Reform Accommodation (daily) for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.25 a. m.; New York 7.10 a. m. Baltimore, 5.15 a. m.; Washington 6.30 a. m.; Pullman sleeping car from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

1.50 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6.50 a. m. New York, 9.30 a. m.; Through Pullman sleeping cars and passenger coaches to Philadelphia.

2.50 a. m.—South 'ra Express (daily) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Baltimore 7.30, a. m. and Washington 8.45, a. m. and through Pullman Sleeping cars to Baltimore and Washington, and through passenger coaches to Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

5.10 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily), for Erie and a Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through Pullman Palace cars and passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester.

9.53—News Express (daily except Sunday) for Lock Haven and intermediate stations.

1.42 p. m.—Niagara Express (daily except Sunday) for Kane, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester and Parlor car to Watkins.

5.30 p. m. Fast Line (daily except Sunday) for Renovo, Watkins and intermediate stations, with through passenger coaches to Renovo and Watkins.

9.15 p. m. Williamsport Express (daily) for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

News Express leaves New York, 12.15 night, Philadelphia 4.30 a. m. Baltimore, 4.30 a. m. Harrisburg, 9.10 a. m. daily arriving at Sunbury 9.53 a. m.

Niagara Express leaves New York 6.30 a. m. Philadelphia, 8.50 a. m.; Washington 8 10 a. m. Baltimore 9.00 a. m. (daily except Sunday arriving at Sunbury, 1.42 p.m., with through Parlor car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Fast Line leaves New York 9.00 a. m.; Philadelphia, 11.40 a. m.; Washington, 10.30 a. m.; Baltimore, 11.45 a. m., (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury, 5.30 p. m. with through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore

Williamsport Express leaves New York 2.00 p. m. Philadelphia 4.25 p. m. Washington 3.30 p. m. Baltimore 4.53 p. m. (daily) arriving at Sunbury 9.15 p. m.

Erie Mail leaves New York 8.00 p. m.; Philadelphia, 11.25 p. m.; Washington, 10.00 p. m.; Baltimore, 11.20 p. m., (daily) arriving at Sunbury 5.10 a. m. With Pullman sleeping cars from Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore and passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

SUNBURY, HAZLETON & WILKESBARRE RAILROAD AND NORTH AND WEST BRANCH RAILWAY.

(Daily except Sunday.)

Wilkesbarre Mail leaves Sunbury 10.00 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 10.48 a. m., Wilkes-barre 12.10 p. m.

Express East leaves Sunbury 5.35 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 6.26 p. m., Wilkes-barre 7.50 p. m.

Sunbury Mail leaves Wilkesbarre 11.17 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 12.37 p. m., Sunbury 1.28 p. m.

Express West leaves Wilkes-barre 3.05 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 4.30 p. m., Sunbury 5.20 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Wilkesbarre mail leaves Sunbury 10:00 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 10.48 a. m., Wilkes-Barre 12:10 a.m.

Sunday accommodation leaves Wilkes-Barre 3:10 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 5.20 p. m., Sunbury 5:30 p. m.